# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



# 1. Identification

Product identifier Dual Prime-White

Other means of identification

Product code RS-574 Aerosol
Recommended use Aerosol Primer

Recommended restrictions No other uses are advised.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company nameMedallion Refinish SystemAddress5751 N. Webster StreetDavton, OH 45414

United States

Telephone TECH SUPPORT

SALES 937-890-6547 PHONE 800-257-6547

Websitewww.medallionrefinish.comE-mailinfo@rubber-seal.net

Emergency phone number MAIN OFFICE: M-F 800-257-6547

7:45am-4:30pm

EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable aerosolsCategory 1Health hazardsAcute toxicity, oralCategory 4

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Carcinogenicity Category 2
Reproductive toxicity Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

937-890-6547

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

Aspiration hazard Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

nazaru

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

ironment, Category 2

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

**Environmental hazards** 



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs

through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: Dual Prime-White

#### **Precautionary statement**

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated

clothing and wash before reuse. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from

sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Disposal Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

**Supplemental information** 

53.04% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 63.43% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 22.39% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 68.43% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 66.65% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Dimethyl Ether Regulatory		115-10-6	30 - < 40
Toluene		108-88-3	10 - < 20
ACETIC ACID, ETHYL ESTER		141-78-6	5 - < 10
Acetone		67-64-1	5 - < 10
Talc		14807-96-6	5 - < 10
Titanium Dioxide		13463-67-7	5 - < 10
Xylene		1330-20-7	5 - < 10
Trimethyl Benzene		25551-13-7	1 - < 3
Trimetyl Benzene		95-63-6	1 - < 3
Dibutyl Phthalate		84-74-2	< 1
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	< 1
Silica		7631-86-9	< 1
Silicon Dioxide (as Amorphous Silica; See Silica), Particulate		112945-52-5	< 1
Isopropyl Benzene		98-82-8	< 0.3
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	< 0.1
Crystalline Quartz		14808-60-7	< 0.1

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**Skin contact** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Eye contact** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** 

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

# 7. Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 1 Aerosol.

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

JS. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Cont Components	Type	Value	Form
CETIC ACID, ETHYL STER (CAS 141-78-6)	PEL	1400 mg/m3	
etone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	400 ppm 2400 mg/m3	
butyl Phthalate (CAS	PEL	1000 ppm 5 mg/m3	
-74-2)		-	
nylbenzene (CAS 0-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
opropyl Benzene (CAS	PEL	100 ppm 245 mg/m3	
-82-8)	I LL	_	
namium Diavida (CAC	DEL	50 ppm	Tatal duct
anium Dioxide (CAS 463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
S. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)	•	100 ppm	
omponents	Туре	Value	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
S. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)	TWA	200 ppm	
omponents	Type	Value	Form
ılc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		20 mppcf	
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
tanium Dioxide (CAS 3463-67-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
7-00 01 1)		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents	Typo	Value	Form
<u> </u>	Type		ı viiil
CETIC ACID, ETHYL STER (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	400 ppm	
cetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
butyl Phthalate (CAS 74-2)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
hylbenzene (CAS 00-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
- ,	TWA	50 ppm	
opropyl Benzene (CAS 3-82-8) alc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

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Components	Туре	Value	Form
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)	TWA	25 ppm	
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
ACETIC ACID, ETHYL ESTER (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	1400 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
sopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	245 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	125 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
US. Workplace Environmental Ex	posure Level (WEEL) Guides		
Components	Туре	Value	
Dimethyl Ether Regulatory (CAS 115-10-6)	TWA	1880 mg/m3	
•		1000 ppm	

# **Biological limit values**

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices** Sampling Time **Specimen** Components Value **Determinant** Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Urine 25 mg/l Acetone Ethylbenzene (CAS 0.15 g/g Sum of Creatinine in 100-41-4) mandelic acid urine and phenylglyoxylic acid Creatinine in Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) o-Cresol, with 0.3 mg/g hydrolysis urine 0.03 mg/l Urine Toluene 0.02 mg/l Toluene Blood Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 1.5 g/g Methylhippuric Creatinine in acids urine

### **Exposure guidelines**

# US - California OELs: Skin designation

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

Material name: Dual Prime-White

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Skin designation applies.

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.









General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

# **Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.
Form Aerosol.
Color White
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -222.7 °F (-141.5 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling -12.68 °F (-24.82 °C) estimated

range

-42.0 °F (-41.1 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.3 % estimated

(%)

Flash point

Flammability limit - upper

27 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 2908.14 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 662 °F (350 °C) estimated

**Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

**Density** 1.78 g/cm3 estimated

**Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IA estimated
Heat of combustion (NFPA 16.42 kJ/g estimated

30B)

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

**Percent volatile** 71.29 w/w % By Weight 85.92 v/v % By Volume

Specific gravity 1.78 estimated

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

**Conditions to avoid** Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials** Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or

vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing,

redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

#### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components Species Test Results

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 4200 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 15.68 mg/l, 4 Hours

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

Material name: Dual Prime-White

Components Species Test Results

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 1400 mg/kg

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

<u>Acute</u> Oral

LD50 Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens** 

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

#### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components Species Test Results

ACETIC ACID, ETHYL ESTER (CAS 141-78-6)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Indian catfish (Heteropneustes fossilis) 200.32 - 225.42 mg/l, 96 hours

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours

Material name: Dual Prime-White
RS-574 Aerosol Version #: 02 Revision date: 01-18-2017 Issue date: 09-17-2015

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components		Species	Test Results
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS	84-74-2)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.99 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus)	0.4 - 0.53 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100	)-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropyl Benzene (CAS	S 98-82-8)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Titanium Dioxide (CAS	13463-67-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3	3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS	95-63-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7	<b>'</b> )		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

#### Persistence and degradability

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

<b>Partition</b>	coefficient	n-octanol	water (le	a Kow)
raiuuoii	COEIIICIEIIL	II-OCIAIIOI /	water iii	Ju Kuwi

ACETIC ACID, ETHYL ESTER	0.73
Acetone	-0.24
Dibutyl Phthalate	4.9
Dimethyl Ether Regulatory	0.1
Ethylbenzene	3.15
Isopropyl Benzene	3.66
Toluene	2.73
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents

under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

# 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

**UN number** UN1950

**UN** proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Transport hazard class(es)

2.1 **Class** Subsidiary risk 2.1 Label(s)

Packing group Not applicable.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions Packaging exceptions 306 Packaging non bulk None None Packaging bulk

**IATA** 

UN1950 **UN number** 

**UN** proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Transport hazard class(es)

2.1 Class Subsidiary risk

Packing group Not applicable.

**Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 10L

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG** 

UN1950 **UN number** 

**UN proper shipping name** Transport hazard class(es) Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

2.1 Class Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable.

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Nο

**EmS** Not available.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

Not established.

Material name: Dual Prime-White

SDS US



IATA; IMDG



# 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** 

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

**TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern** 

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Phthalates Action Plan

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

ACETIC ACID, ETHYL ESTER (CAS 141-78-6) Listed. Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed. Dimethyl Ether Regulatory (CAS 115-10-6) Listed. Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Listed. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed.

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

# OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

# SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Dibutyl Phthalate	84-74-2	< 1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 1
Toluene	108-88-3	10 - < 20
Trimetyl Benzene	95-63-6	1 - < 3
Xylene	1330-20-7	5 - < 10

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Dimethyl Ether Regulatory (CAS 115-10-6) **Safe Drinking Water Act**Not regulated.

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

#### FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

ACETIC ACID, ETHYL ESTER (CAS 141-78-6) Low priority Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Low priority

US state regulations WARNING:

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and

birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Listed: February 21, 2003

Listed: October 1, 1988

Listed: June 11, 2004

Listed: April 6, 2010

Listed: September 2, 2011

# US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed: December 2, 2005

Listed: June 15, 2001

Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed: December 2, 2005

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed: December 2, 2005

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No

On inventory (yes/no)\* Country(s) or region Inventory name Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) No Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) No New Zealand New Zealand Inventory No **Philippines** Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances No (PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 09-17-2015

 Revision date
 01-18-2017

Version # 02

**Disclaimer** Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its

product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

**Revision information**This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

Material name: Dual Prime-White SDS US

No

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).