## SAFETY DATA SHEET



## 1. Identification

**Product identifier Basecoat Stabilizer Medium/Slow** 

Other means of identification

RS-3608 **Product code** Recommended use Additive **Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Medallion Refinish System 5751 N. Webster Street **Address** Dayton, OH 45414

**United States** 

**TECH SUPPORT Telephone** 

SALES 937-890-6547 PHONE 800-257-6547

Website www.medallionrefinish.com E-mail info@rubber-seal.net

MAIN OFFICE: M-F **Emergency phone number** 

7:45am-4:30pm

EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

937-890-6547

800-257-6547

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, dermal Category 4

Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

Category 1

exposure

Category 1 Aspiration hazard

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 2

**OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Material name: Basecoat Stabilizer Medium/Slow RS-3608 Version #: 02 Revision date: 09-06-2017 Issue date: 07-29-2015

#### **Hazard statement**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statement

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

#### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

## Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

# Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 35.8% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 9.5% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 23.1% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 23.1% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	20 - < 40
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-		108-38-3	20 - < 30
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-		106-42-3	10 - < 20
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone		110-43-0	5 - < 20
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL		95-47-6	5 - < 10
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	5 - < 10
Heptane		142-82-5	0< 5
Naphtha		64742-49-0	0 - < 5
BENZENE, METHYL-		108-88-3	< 0.2

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion

**Inhalation** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical

advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Material name: Basecoat Stabilizer Medium/Slow

SDS US

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Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

**General information** 

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Specific methods General fire hazards Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

## **Environmental precautions**

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid

discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

US OSUA Table 7.4 Limits for Air Conteminants (20 CEP 1010 1000)

## Occupational exposure limits

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	i. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air 0 mponents	Туре	Value	
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)  BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)  ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100 ppm  ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)  Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)  Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)  Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)  N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)  PEL 435 mg/m3  100 ppm  100 ppm  100 ppm  465 mg/m3  100 ppm		PEL	435 mg/m3	
CAS 95-47-6    100 ppm	•		100 ppm	
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)  ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)  Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)  Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)  N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)  PEL  435 mg/m3  100 ppm  100 ppm  100 ppm  465 mg/m3  100 ppm  100 ppm  100 ppm  465 mg/m3  100 ppm  100 p	·	PEL	435 mg/m3	
(CAS 106-42-3)  ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)  Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)  Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)  N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)  PEL 100 ppm 150 ppm 150 ppm  Value  BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS Ceiling 300 ppm	,		100 ppm	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)  Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  PEL  2000 mg/m3  500 ppm  Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS PEL  465 mg/m3  100 ppm  Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)  N-Butyl Acetate (CAS PEL  400 mg/m3  100 ppm  N-Butyl Acetate (CAS PEL  710 mg/m3  123-86-4)  US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)  Components  Type  Value  BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS Ceiling 300 ppm	·	PEL	435 mg/m3	
100-41-4)  Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)  Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)  N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)  PEL 100 ppm 150 ppm	,		100 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)  Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)  Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)  N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)  PEL 2000 mg/m3 500 ppm 100 ppm		PEL	435 mg/m3	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS   PEL   465 mg/m3	,		100 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS       PEL       465 mg/m3         110-43-0)       100 ppm         Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)       PEL       400 mg/m3         N-Butyl Acetate (CAS       PEL       710 mg/m3         123-86-4)       150 ppm         US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)       Type       Value         BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS       Ceiling       300 ppm	ptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m3	
110-43-0)  Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)  N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 100 ppm  N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)  PEL 710 mg/m3 150 ppm  US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components  Type Value  BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)			500 ppm	
Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)       PEL       400 mg/m3 100 ppm         N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)       PEL       710 mg/m3 150 ppm         US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)       Type       Value         BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)       Ceiling       300 ppm		PEL	465 mg/m3	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS PEL 710 mg/m3 123-86-4)  US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components Type Value  BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS Ceiling 300 ppm 108-88-3)	,		100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)  US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components  Type  Value  BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)  710 mg/m3  150 ppm  740 mg/m3  150 ppm  750 ppm  760 ppm  770 mg/m3  770 ppm	phtha (CAS 64742-49-0)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
123-86-4)  US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)  Components  Type  Value  BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS Ceiling 300 ppm 108-88-3)			100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components Type Value  BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS Ceiling 300 ppm 108-88-3)	`	PEL	710 mg/m3	
ComponentsTypeValueBENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)Ceiling300 ppm	,		150 ppm	
ComponentsTypeValueBENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)Ceiling300 ppm	. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1	1000)		
108-88-3)			Value	
TWA 200 ppm		Ceiling	300 ppm	
•••	•	TWA	200 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values		
Components	Type	Value
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL	150 ppm
(CAS 100-30-3)	TWA	100 ppm
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	150 ppm
(CAS 95-47-0)	TWA	100 ppm
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	STEL	150 ppm
(6,10,100,120)	TWA	100 ppm
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm
,	TWA	400 ppm
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	TWA	50 ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	150 ppm
,	TWA	50 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical I	łazards	
Components	Туре	Value
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL	655 mg/m3
,		150 ppm
	TWA	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	375 mg/m3
		100 ppm
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	655 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	STEL	655 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3
	TWA	125 ppm 435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3
		440 ppm
	TWA	350 mg/m3
		85 ppm
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	TWA	465 mg/m3
		100 ppm
Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	400 mg/m3
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	100 ppm 950 mg/m3
120-00-4)		200 ppm
	TWA	710 mg/m3

Components Value Type

150 ppm

#### **Biological limit values**

ACGIH Biological Exposu Components	re Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)	6 0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
•	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

#### **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Skin designation

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Respiratory protection

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards









General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

## **Appearance**

Physical state Liquid. **Form** Liquid. Cloudy. Color Odor Solvent. **Odor threshold** Not available. Ha Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -112 °F (-80 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 257 °F (125 °C) estimated

range

79.0 °F (26.1 °C) estimated Flash point

**Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

1.1 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

7.9 % estimated

Not available. Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

12.32 hPa estimated Vapor pressure

Not available. Vapor density Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available. Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

515 °F (268.33 °C) estimated **Auto-ignition temperature** 

**Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

0.86 g/cm3 estimated Density Flammable IC estimated Flammability class 97 w/w % By Weight Percent volatile 97.17 v/v % By Volume

Specific gravity 0.86 estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eve contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. Components Species Test Results

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral LD50

Rat 3500 mg/kg

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 1.67 g/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

#### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

#### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

#### US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components		Species	Test Results
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	(CAS 108-38-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.81 - 5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.4 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS	3 108-88-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (	CAS 95-47-6)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	(CAS 106-42-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.55 - 6.31 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 10	0-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Mozambique tilapia (Tilapia mossambica)	375 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS	S 110-43-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours
Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)  Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-8	86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Partition coefficient n-octanol	/ water	(log Kow)
---------------------------------	---------	-----------

i ditition cocincient n-octanor, water (log flow)	
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	3.2
BENZENE, METHYL-	2.73
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	3.12
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	3.15
ETHYLBENZENE	3.15
Heptane	4.66
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	1.98
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

## 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

**UN number** UN1263

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound, MARINE UN proper shipping name

**POLLUTANT** 

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

149. B52. IB2. T4. TP1. TP8. TP28 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 173 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

**UN number** UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. 3L **ERG Code** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG** 

**UN** number UN1263

**UN proper shipping name** PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid

lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound),

MARINE POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not established.

the IBC Code





IATA; IMDG



## Marine pollutant



**General information** 

DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** 

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

#### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

#### **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

#### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

#### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

## SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

## SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	108-38-3	20 - < 30
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	95-47-6	5 - < 10
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	106-42-3	10 - < 20
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	5 - < 10

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3) BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6) BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3) ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) 594

## FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

Other Flavoring Substances with OSHA PEL's

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Low priority

#### **US state regulations**

## US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

## US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3) BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6) BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3) ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes

Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)\* Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Japan Yes Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Korea Yes New Zealand New Zealand Inventory Yes Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **Philippines** Yes (PICCS)

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory United States & Puerto Rico

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

07-29-2015 Issue date 09-06-2017 **Revision date** 

Version # 02

Disclaimer Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its

product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

Yes

available.

Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names **Revision information** 

Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties

Material name: Basecoat Stabilizer Medium/Slow

SDS US 13 / 13 RS-3608 Version #: 02 Revision date: 09-06-2017 Issue date: 07-29-2015

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).