SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier Basecoat Stabilizer Fast

Other means of identification

Product code RS-3600

Recommended use Basecoat Additive

Recommended restrictions No other uses are advised. **Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**

Manufacturer

Company nameMedallion Refinish SystemAddress5751 N. Webster StreetDavton, OH 45414

United States

Telephone TECH SUPPORT

SALES 937-890-6547 PHONE 800-257-6547

Websitewww.medallionrefinish.comE-mailinfo@rubber-seal.net

Emergency phone number MAIN OFFICE: M-F 800-257-6547

7:45am-4:30pm

EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2Health hazardsAcute toxicity, oralCategory 4Acute toxicity, inhalationCategory 4Skin corrosion/irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2A

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

937-890-6547

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

Aspiration hazard Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

rd

Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: Basecoat Stabilizer Fast

SDS US

RS-3600 Version #: 02 Revision date: 09-05-2017 Issue date: 10-19-2015

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal Hazard(s) not otherwise

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

1.14% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 24.14% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 73.05% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 24.77% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 24.77% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Toluene		108-88-3	40 - < 60
Ethyl Acetate 99%		141-78-6	15 - < 35
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-		108-38-3	5 - < 10
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL		95-47-6	3 - < 5
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-		106-42-3	3 - < 5
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	3 - < 5
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone		110-43-0	0 - < 5
V M & P Naphtha		64742-89-8	0 - < 5
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	0< 1

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Material name: Basecoat Stabilizer Fast

RS-3600 Version #: 02 Revision date: 09-05-2017 Issue date: 10-19-2015

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

Value

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Ai	r Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)
Components	Туре
DENIZENE NA DIMETURA	DE!

Components	туре	value	
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
(100 ppm	
Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)	PEL	1400 mg/m3	
,		400 ppm	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	PEL	465 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
V M & P Naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
o		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910	.1000)	e e r	
Components	Туре	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Lim Components	Type		Val	ue	
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL		150) ppm	
(CAS 100-30-3)	TWA		100) ppm	
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	STEL) ppm	
(CAS 95-47-6)	0.22		100	, pp	
,	TWA		100) ppm	
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	STEL	•	150) ppm	
(CAS 106-42-3)					
	TWA			ppm	
Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA		400) ppm	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA		20	ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	S TWA		50	ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA		20	ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide					
Components	Туре		Val	ue	
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL		655	5 mg/m3	
			150) ppm	
	TWA		435	5 mg/m3	
			100) ppm	
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL		655	5 mg/m3	
			150) ppm	
	TWA		435	i mg/m3	
			100) ppm	
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	STEL		655	5 mg/m3	
,			150) ppm	
	TWA		435	5 mg/m3	
			100) ppm	
Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA		140	00 mg/m3	
141-70-0)			400) ppm	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS	STEL			5 mg/m3	
100-41-4)				_	
				ppm	
	TWA			5 mg/m3	
Marilla A. Digara (Cons) ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	S TWA		465	5 mg/m3	
			100) ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	-) mg/m3	
,/) ppm	
	TWA			5 mg/m3	
) ppm	
V M & P Naphtha (CAS	TWA) mg/m3	
64742-89-8)			100) ppm	
ogical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Exposu		Datameter	On a -!	Compiler - Ti	
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric	Creatinine in	*	
(CAS 108-38-3)	4.5 . /.	acids	urine		
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric	Creatinine in	*	
(CAS 95-47-6) BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	1.5 g/g	acids Methylhippuric	urine Creatinine in	*	

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Components Value **Determinant** Specimen Sampling Time ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 0.15 g/g Sum of Creatinine in 100-41-4) mandelic acid urine and phenylglyoxylic acid Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 0.3 mg/g o-Cresol, with Creatinine in hydrolysis urine 0.03 mg/l Toluene Urine 0.02 mg/l Toluene Blood

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Skin designation applies. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. Other

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.









General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Liquid. **Physical state** Liquid. **Form** Colorless Color Odor Solvent. Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. pН

Melting point/freezing point -138.82 °F (-94.9 °C) estimated 170.6 °F (77 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point

39.2 °F (4.0 °C) estimated

Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

1.1 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

7 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

58.81 hPa estimated Vapor pressure

Vapor density Not available. Not available. Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

800 °F (426.67 °C) estimated **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature Not available. Not available. **Viscosity**

Other information

0.87 g/cm3 estimated **Density**

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Flammable IB estimated Flammability class

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile 97 w/w % By Weight 97.6 v/v % By Volume

0.87 estimated Specific gravity

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability** Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. **Hazardous decomposition** No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Causes skin irritation. Skin contact

Causes serious eye irritation. Eye contact

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or

vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing,

redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if inhaled.

Material name: Basecoat Stabilizer Fast RS-3600 Version #: 02 Revision date: 09-05-2017 Issue date: 10-19-2015 Components Species Test Results

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 1.67 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effectsCauses damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components		Species	Test Results
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL	- (CAS 108-38-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.81 - 5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.4 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	(CAS 95-47-6)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	(CAS 106-42-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.55 - 6.31 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 1	41-78-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Indian catfish (Heteropneustes fossilis)	200.32 - 225.42 mg/l, 96 hours
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 1	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CA	AS 110-43-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours
V M & P Naphtha (CAS 64	1742-89-8)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

3.2
3.12
3.15
0.73
3.15
1.98
2.73

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

3. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN1263 **UN** number

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound, MARINE **UN proper shipping name**

POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

> Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 173 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN1263 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** Nο **ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Allowed with restrictions. Cargo aircraft only

IMDG

UN1263 **UN** number

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid UN proper shipping name

lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound),

MARINE POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Yes Marine pollutant F-E, S-E **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not established.

DOT



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Nο

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	108-38-3	5 - < 10	
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	95-47-6	3 - < 5	
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	106-42-3	3 - < 5	
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	3 - < 5	
Toluene	108-88-3	40 - < 60	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3) BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6) BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3) ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and **Chemical Code Number**

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6) Low priority

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0) Other Flavoring Substances with OSHA PEL's

US state regulations

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3) BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6) BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

V M & P Naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

New Zealand Inventory Yes

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 10-19-2015 **Revision date** 09-05-2017

Version # 02

Disclaimer Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its

product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

Revision informationThis document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.