

## 1. Identification

Product identifier	Ultra Clear Clearcoat	
Other means of identification		
Product code	RS-2200	
Recommended use	Clearcoat	
Recommended restrictions	No other uses are advised.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Manufacturer		
Company name	Medallion Refinish System	
Address	5751 N. Webster Street Dayton, OH 45414 United States	
Telephone	TECH SUPPORT	937-890-6547
	SALES	937-890-6547
	PHONE	800-257-6547
Website	www.medallionrefinish.com	
E-mail	info@rubber-seal.net	
Emergency phone number	MAIN OFFICE: M-F 7:45am-4:30pm	800-257-6547
	EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.	800-424-9300 ChemTrec

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable liquids	Category 2
<b>Health hazards</b>	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Not classified.	

### Label elements



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statement

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

### Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

### Storage

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

### Supplemental information

55.03% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 62.79% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 57.94% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 37.73% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 37.73% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Glycol Ether PM Acetate		108-65-6	20 - < 40
parachlorobenzotrifluoride		98-56-6	10 - < 30
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-		108-38-3	10 - < 20
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	10 - < 20
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-		106-42-3	5 - < 10
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL		95-47-6	3 - < 5
Bis(1, 2, 2, 6, 6-Pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) Sebacate		41556-26-7	0 < 5
Dibutyl Phthalate		84-74-2	0 - < 5
Ester Solvent EEP		763-69-9	0 - < 5
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	0 - < 5
Cumene		98-82-8	< 0.1

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.  Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.  Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe the mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3 150 ppm

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	STEL	150 ppm

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	TWA	100 ppm
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	TWA	20 ppm
	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL	655 mg/m3
	TWA	150 ppm 435 mg/m3 100 ppm
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	655 mg/m3
	TWA	150 ppm 435 mg/m3 100 ppm
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	STEL	655 mg/m3
	TWA	150 ppm 435 mg/m3 100 ppm
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	TWA	5 mg/m3
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3
	TWA	125 ppm 435 mg/m3 100 ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3
	TWA	200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm

**US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides**

Components	Type	Value
Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	50 ppm

**Biological limit values****ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

## Exposure guidelines

### US - California OELs: Skin designation

Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

#### Skin protection

##### Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

##### Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

#### Respiratory protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

#### Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.



### General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

#### Physical state

Liquid.

#### Form

Liquid.

#### Color

Colorless

#### Odor

Solvent.

#### Odor threshold

Not available.

#### pH

Not available.

#### Melting point/freezing point

-138.82 °F (-94.9 °C) estimated

#### Initial boiling point and boiling range

276.98 °F (136.1 °C) estimated

#### Flash point

55.0 °F (12.8 °C) estimated

#### Evaporation rate

Not available.

#### Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

#### Flammability limit - lower (%)

1.1 % estimated

#### Flammability limit - upper (%)

6.8 % estimated

#### Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available.

#### Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

#### Vapor pressure

27.57 hPa estimated

#### Vapor density

Not available.

#### Relative density

Not available.

#### Solubility(ies)

##### Solubility (water)

Not available.

#### Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	810 °F (432.22 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Density</b>	1.03 g/cm3 estimated
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Flammability class</b>	Flammable IB estimated
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	53.65 v/v % By Volume 55.4 w/w % By Weight
<b>Specific gravity</b>	1.03 estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin.

<b>Components</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Test Results</b>
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)		
<u><b>Acute</b></u>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)		
<u><b>Acute</b></u>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)		
<u><b>Acute</b></u>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)		
<u><b>Acute</b></u>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	4200 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	15.68 mg/l, 4 Hours
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.		
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Suspected of causing cancer.	
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>		
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)</b>		
Not regulated.		
<b>US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens</b>		
Not listed.		
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	

## 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity		Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Components		Species	Test Results
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.81 - 5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.4 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.55 - 6.31 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours



Components		Species	Test Results
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.99 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus)	0.4 - 0.53 mg/l, 96 hours
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

#### Persistence and degradability

#### Bioaccumulative potential

##### Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	3.2
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	3.12
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	3.15
Dibutyl Phthalate	4.9
ETHYLBENZENE	3.15
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

<b>DOT</b>	
<b>UN number</b>	UN1263
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound, MARINE POLLUTANT
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Yes
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	150

Packaging non bulk 173  
Packaging bulk 242

#### IATA

UN number UN1263  
UN proper shipping name Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)  
Transport hazard class(es)  
Class 3  
Subsidiary risk -  
Packing group II  
Environmental hazards No.  
ERG Code 3L  
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.  
Other information  
Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.  
Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

#### IMDG

UN number UN1263  
UN proper shipping name PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound), MARINE POLLUTANT  
Transport hazard class(es)  
Class 3  
Subsidiary risk -  
Packing group II  
Environmental hazards  
Marine pollutant Yes  
EmS F-E, S-E  
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

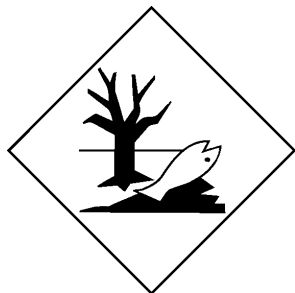
#### DOT



#### IATA; IMDG



## Marine pollutant



### General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.

## 15. Regulatory information

### US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

parachlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS 98-56-6) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

#### TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Phthalates Action Plan

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	Listed.
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	Listed.
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	Listed.
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	Listed.
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	Listed.

#### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

#### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

#### Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes  
Delayed Hazard - Yes  
Fire Hazard - Yes  
Pressure Hazard - No  
Reactivity Hazard - No

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** No

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	108-38-3	10 - < 20
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	95-47-6	3 - < 5
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	106-42-3	5 - < 10
Dibutyl Phthalate	84-74-2	0 - < 5
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	10 - < 20

### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)  
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)  
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)  
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)  
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

**FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace**

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Low priority

**US state regulations**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Listed: April 6, 2010

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Listed: June 11, 2004

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin**

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed: January 1, 1991

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Listed: December 2, 2005

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin**

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Listed: December 2, 2005

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin**

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Listed: December 2, 2005

**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

Bis(1, 2, 2, 6, 6-Pentamethyl-4-piperidiny) Sebacate (CAS 41556-26-7)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**

<b>Issue date</b>	07-16-2015
<b>Revision date</b>	08-31-2017
<b>Version #</b>	03
<b>Disclaimer</b>	Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.
<b>Revision information</b>	Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names