SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier DTAM 2.1 VOC Primer Surfacer

Other means of identification

Product code MRS-80
Recommended use Primer

Recommended restrictions No other uses are advised. **Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**

Manufacturer

Company nameMedallion Refinish SystemAddress5751 N. Webster StreetDavton, OH 45414

United States

Telephone TECH SUPPORT

SALES 937-890-6547 PHONE 800-257-6547

Websitewww.medallionrefinish.comE-mailinfo@rubber-seal.net

Emergency phone number MAIN OFFICE: M-F

7:45am-4:30pm

EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

937-890-6547

800-257-6547

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation **Health hazards** Category 2 Sensitization, skin Category 1 Category 1B Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Category 1A Reproductive toxicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the

unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to

Category 2

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

 $\label{local/regional/national/international regulations.} Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.$

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

76.69% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 76.69% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 41.61% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 43.62% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 43.62% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| parachlorobenzotriflouride | | 98-56-6 | 30 - < 50 |
| Talc | | 14807-96-6 | 10 - < 30 |
| Barium Sulfate | | 7727-43-7 | 10 - < 20 |
| Acetone | | 67-64-1 | 5 - < 10 |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | | 110-43-0 | 5 - < 10 |
| Titanium Dioxide | | 13463-67-7 | 5 - < 10 |
| 2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone | | 108-83-8 | 0< 5 |
| 4-4-Isopropylidene Phenol Epich | | 25068-38-6 | 0< 5 |
| Carbon Black | | 1333-86-4 | 0< 5 |
| Crystalline Quartz | | 14808-60-7 | 0< 5 |
| Ethylbenzene | | 100-41-4 | 0< 5 |
| N-Butyl Acetate | | 123-86-4 | 0< 5 |
| Silica | | 7631-86-9 | 0< 5 |
| Silicon Dioxide (as Amorphous Silica; See Silica), Particulate | | 112945-52-5 | 0< 5 |
| Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic | | 64742-95-6 | 0< 5 |
| Xylene | | 1330-20-7 | 0< 5 |

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

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Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

vision. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with war

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|---|------|------------|----------------------|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | PEL | 2400 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) | PEL | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| | | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) | PEL | 3.5 mg/m3 | |
| Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | PEL | 0.05 mg/m3 | |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0) | PEL | 465 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 100 ppm | |
| Solvent Naphtha, | PEL | 400 mg/m3 | |
| petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6) | | gg | |
| (0.10 0.1.12 00 0) | | 100 ppm | |
| Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | PEL | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | PEL | 435 mg/m3 | |
| 7.5 (5/10/1000/20/1) | . == | 100 ppm | |
| US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.10 | 100) | тоо ррпп | |
| | | Value | Form |
| Components | Туре | value | FUIIII |
| Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| , | | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| | | 50 mppcf | Total dust. |
| | | | |

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| Components | | Type | | V | alue | Form |
|--|---------------|---------|----------------------|---------------|------------|----------------------|
| Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | | TWA | | | .1 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | | | | .4 mppcf | Respirable. |
| Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) | | TWA | | 0 | .3 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| | | | | | .1 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | | | 2 | 0 mppcf | |
| | | | | 2 | .4 mppcf | Respirable. |
| Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | | TWA | | 5 | mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| , | | | | 1 | 5 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| | | | | 5 | 0 mppcf | Total dust. |
| | | | | | 5 mppcf | Respirable fraction. |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Lir | mit Values | | | | | · |
| Components | | Туре | | V | alue | Form |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | STEL | | | 00 ppm | |
| | | TWA | | | 50 ppm | |
| Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) | | TWA | | 5 | mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) | | TWA | | 3 | mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | | TWA | | 0 | .025 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CA 110-43-0) | S | TWA | | 5 | 0 ppm | |
| Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) | | TWA | | 2 | mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| Titanium Dioxide (CAS | | TWA | | | 0 mg/m3 | |
| 13463-67-7) | | | | · | og | |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | | STEL | | 1 | 50 ppm | |
| | | TWA | | 1 | 00 ppm | |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide | e to Chemical | | | | | _ |
| Components | | Туре | | V | alue | Form |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | TWA | | | 90 mg/m3 | |
| | | | | | 50 ppm | |
| Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) | | TWA | | 5 | mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| 1121-43-1) | | | | 1 | 0 mg/m3 | Total |
| Carbon Black (CAS | | TWA | | | .1 mg/m3 | TOTAL |
| 1333-86-4) | | 1 4 4 7 | | U | | |
| Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) | | TWA | | 0 | .05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CA 110-43-0) | S | TWA | | 4 | 65 mg/m3 | |
| 1 10 70 0) | | | | 1 | 00 ppm | |
| Solvent Naphtha, | | TWA | | | 00 mg/m3 | |
| petroleum, light aromatic | | . 44/1 | | 7 | - Jg/o | |
| (CAS 64742-95-6) | | | | 1 | 00 ppm | |
| Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) | | TWA | | | mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| ogical limit values | | | | | | |
| ACGIH Biological Expos | ure Indices | | | | | |
| Components | Value | | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling ' | Time |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | 25 mg/l | | Acetone | Urine | * | |
| | | | NATION HOLDS | O | * | |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | 1.5 g/g | | Methylhippuric acids | Creatinine in | 1 " | |

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Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.









General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Liquid.

Color Medium Gray

Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -138.46 °F (-94.7 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 132.8 °F (56 °C) estimated

range

Flash point -0.4 °F (-18.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.1 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

12.8 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 451.95 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 740 °F (393.33 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 2.06 g/cm3 estimated

Not explosive. **Explosive properties**

Flammable IB estimated Flammability class

Not oxidizing. **Oxidizing properties**

Percent volatile 39.9 w/w % By Weight

58.72 v/v % By Volume

Specific gravity 2.06 estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Material is stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Aluminum. Phosphorus.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

vision. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Not known. Acute toxicity

Components **Species Test Results**

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

Acute Oral

Rat LD50 1.67 g/kg

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eve irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

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3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

E

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

| otoxicity Toxic | | quatic life with long lasting effects. | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| Components | | Species | Test Results | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | | | |
| Aquatic | | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours | |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours | |
| Barium Sulfate (CAS 772 | 7-43-7) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Tubificid worm (Tubifex tubifex) | 28.61 - 38.03 mg/l, 48 hours | |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (C | AS 110-43-0) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) | 126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours | |
| Solvent Naphtha, petrole | um, light aromati | c (CAS 64742-95-6) | | |
| Aquatic | | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia pulex) | 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours | |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours | |
| | | | 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours | |
| Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13 | 3463-67-7) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | > 1000 mg/l, 48 hours | |
| Fish | LC50 | Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus) | > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours | |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | | | | |
| Aquatic | | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) | 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours | |
| | | | | |

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 Acetone
 -0.24

 Methyl n-Amyl Ketone
 1.98

 Xylene
 3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

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Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN1263 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

Transport hazard class(es) Class

Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

3

150 Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk 173 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3L

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN1263 **UN** number

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid **UN proper shipping name**

lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. **EmS** F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established. Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

parachlorobenzotriflouride (CAS 98-56-6)

1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)

Listed.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

chemical

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. | |
|---------------|------------|----------|--|
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 0< 5 | |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

wa) Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

6532

Material name: DTAM 2.1 VOC Primer Surfacer

Chemical Code Number

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Low priority

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

Other Flavoring Substances with OSHA PEL's

US state regulations WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Listed: February 21, 2003
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004
Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

Solvent Naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6)

Inventory name

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region

| | | , , |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | No |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | No |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | No |
| *A "Yes" indicates that all compo | nents of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) | |

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 07-17-2015

 Revision date
 08-01-2017

Version # 02

Disclaimer Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its

product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

Material name: DTAM 2.1 VOC Primer Surfacer

SDS US

On inventory (yes/no)*

MRS-80 Version #: 02 Revision date: 08-01-2017 Issue date: 07-17-2015