

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

Product identifier	2.1 VOC Epoxy Primer Grey		
Other means of identification			
Product code	MRS-78		
Recommended use	Primer Sealer		
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	No other uses are advised.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	Distributor information		
Manufacturer			
Company name	Medallion Refinish System		
Address	5751 N. Webster Street		
	Dayton, OH 45414 United States		
Telephone	TECH SUPPORT	937-890-6547	
loophone	SALES	937-890-6547	
	PHONE	800-257-6547	
Website	www.medallionrefinish.com		
E-mail	info@rubber-seal.net		
Emergency phone number	MAIN OFFICE: M-F 7:45am-4:30pm	800-257-6547	
	EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.	800-424-9300 CI	nemTrec
2. Hazard(s) identification	1		
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids		Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral		Category 4
neutri nazaras	Acute toxicity, dermal		Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation		Category 3
	Serious eye damage/eye irri	tation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, skin	lation	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity		Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity		Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity	ropostod	Category 1
	exposure	, repeated	
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic en hazard	vironment, acute	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic en long-term hazard	vironment,	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.		
Label elements			
			N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Signal word	Danger	V V	×
Hazard statement	-	vanor Harmful if e	wallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause
וומבמות שנמולווולוונ			rritation. Taxia if inhalad, Supported of aquaing

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Storage	Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	80.32% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 80.32% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 52.26% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 52.26% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
parachlorobenzotriflouride		98-56-6	25 - < 45
Talc		14807-96-6	10 - < 25
Titanium Dioxide		13463-67-7	5 - < 15
Xylene		1330-20-7	5 - < 15
Acetone		67-64-1	5 - < 10
Barium Sulfate		7727-43-7	3 - < 5
4-4-Isopropylidene Phenol Epich		25068-38-6	0< 5
Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether EB		111-76-2	0 - < 5
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	0< 5
Crystalline Quartz		14808-60-7	0< 5
Silica		7631-86-9	0< 5
Silicon Dioxide (as Amorphous Silica; See Silica), Particulate		112945-52-5	0< 5
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		108-10-1	1 - < 3
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	< 0.1
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	< 0.1

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measu	res
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
6. Accidental release mea	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

r. nanaling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage,	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
including any incompatibilities	build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether EB (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	3.5 mg/m3	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	PEL	410 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910			-
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
,		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Туре	Value	Form
	20 mppcf	
		Respirable.
TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
	50 mppcf	Total dust.
	15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
Туре	Value	Form
STEL	500 ppm	
TWA	250 ppm	
TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
TWA	20 ppm	
TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
STEL	75 ppm	
TWA	20 ppm	
TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
TWA	10 mg/m3	
STEL	150 ppm	
TWA	100 ppm	
al Hazards		
Туре	Value	Form
TWA	590 mg/m3	
	250 ppm	
TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
	10 mg/m3	Total
TWA	24 mg/m3	
	5 ppm	
TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
STEL	300 mg/m3	
	75 ppm	
<b>T</b> \A/A	205 mg/m3	
TWA	-	
TWA	50 ppm 2 mg/m3	Respirable.
-	TWA TWA Type STEL TWA TWA TWA TWA TWA STEL TWA TWA STEL TWA	Jpc20 mppcf 2.4 mppcf 5 mg/m3TWA20 mppcf 2.4 mppcf 

### **Biological limit values**

#### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*	
Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether EB (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	1 mg/l	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*	

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

#### Exposure guidelines

#### US - California OELs: Skin designation

Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether EB (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: S	kin designation applies	
Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether EB (CAS 111-76-2)		Skin designation applies.
US - Tennessee OELs: Skin	designation	
Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol E		Can be absorbed through the skin.
US NIOSH Pocket Guide to	Chemical Hazards: Skin desig	nation
Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol E		Can be absorbed through the skin.
	for Air Contaminants (29 CFR	1910.1000)
Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol E	ther EB (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Appropriate engineering controls	changes per hour) should be a applicable, use process enclo maintain airborne levels below	bocal exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If sures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to v recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been e levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash vers are recommended.
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective e	equipment
Eye/face protection	Chemical respirator with organ	nic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical re	sistant gloves.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical re	sistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organ	nic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal prot	tective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	and drink. Always observe go	nce requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food od personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the inking and/or ameking. Boutingly work work elething and protostive

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Gray
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-27.4 °F (-33 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	132.8 °F (56 °C) estimated
Flash point	-0.4 °F (-18.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	594 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.

Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	1.96 g/cm3 estimated
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	49.65 w/w % By Weight 60.24 v/v % By Volume
Specific gravity	1.96 estimated
10. Stability and reactivit	У
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition No hazardous decomposition products are known. products

## 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of	exposure		
Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.		
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with	in. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
		absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and have not been observed in humans.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irrita	ion.	
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.		
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.		
Information on toxicological ef	fects		
Acute toxicity	Toxic if inhaled. Harmful	n contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed.	
Components	Species	Test Results	
Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether EB	(CAS 111-76-2)		
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	400 mg/kg	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	560 mg/kg	

Components	Species		Test Results		
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108	-10-1)				
<u>Acute</u>					
Inhalation					
LC50	Rat	Rat 8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours			
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)					
Acute					
Oral					
LD50	Rat		3523 - 8600 mg/kg		
* Estimates for product may I		ditional component data not shown.			
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged sl	kin contact may cause temporary irrita	ation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serio	ous eye irritation.			
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio	on				
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respira	tory sensitizer.			
Skin sensitization	May cause a	n allergic skin reaction.			
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data avai mutagenic o		onents present at greater than 0.1% are		
Carcinogenicity	Suspected o	f causing cancer.			
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of	Carcinogenicity			
Carbon Black (CAS 1333 Methyl Isobutyl Ketone ( Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium Dioxide (CAS 1 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	CAS 108-10-1) 13463-67-7) )	2B Possibly carcin 2B Possibly carcin 3 Not classifiable a 2B Possibly carcin 3 Not classifiable a	nogenic to humans. nogenic to humans. nogenic to humans. as to carcinogenicity to humans. nogenic to humans. as to carcinogenicity to humans.		
OSHA Specifically Regulate	ed Substances	6 (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)			
Not regulated. US. National Toxicology Pr	ogram (NTP) E	Poport on Carcinogons			
Not listed.	ogram (iviri ) i	ceport on ouromogens			
Reproductive toxicity	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive diso laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.				
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.				
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.				
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.				
Chronic effects	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be harmful if abs through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.				
	2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is rep prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.				
Prolonged exposure		xposure may cause chronic effects.	may cause chronic effects.		
12. Ecological informatio	on				
Ecotoxicity	Toxic to aqu	atic life with long lasting effects.			
Components	·	Species	Test Results		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		-			
Aquatic					
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours		
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours		

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Material name: 2.1 VOC Epoxy Primer Grey MRS-78 Version #: 02 Revision date: 08-02-2017 Issue date: 06-21-2016

Components		Species	Test Results
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43	8-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Tubificid worm (Tubifex tubifex)	28.61 - 38.03 mg/l, 48 hours
Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether	EB (CAS 111	-76-2)	
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina)	1250 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS	108-10-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas	s) 492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours
Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463	8-67-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours
* Estimates for product may b rsistence and degradability paccumulative potential Partition coefficient n-octan			
rsistence and degradability baccumulative potential Partition coefficient n-octan Acetone Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Xylene	ool / water (lo EB No data ava	-0.24 0.83 1.31 3.12 - 3.2 ailable.	
rsistence and degradability baccumulative potential Partition coefficient n-octan Acetone Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Xylene	ool / water (lo EB No data ava No other ac	-0.24 0.83 1.31 3.12 - 3.2	
rsistence and degradability baccumulative potential Partition coefficient n-octan Acetone Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Xylene	ool / water (lo EB No data ava No other ac potential, er	-0.24 0.83 1.31 3.12 - 3.2 ailable. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de	
rsistence and degradability baccumulative potential Partition coefficient n-octan Acetone Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Xylene bility in soil her adverse effects	nol / water (lo EB No data ava No other ac potential, er ns Collect and this materia with chemic	-0.24 0.83 1.31 3.12 - 3.2 ailable. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de	al) are expected from this component. icensed waste disposal site. Do not allow t contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches
rsistence and degradability baccumulative potential Partition coefficient n-octan Acetone Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Xylene bility in soil her adverse effects 3. Disposal consideratio	No data ava No data ava No other ac potential, er Collect and this materia with chemic local/region	-0.24 0.83 1.31 3.12 - 3.2 ailable. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de ndocrine disruption, global warming potentia reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at l al to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do no cal or used container. Dispose of contents/c	al) are expected from this component. icensed waste disposal site. Do not allow t contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches
rsistence and degradability baccumulative potential Partition coefficient n-octan Acetone Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Xylene bility in soil her adverse effects 3. Disposal consideratio sposal instructions	No data ava No data ava No other ac potential, er NS Collect and this materia with chemic local/region Dispose in	-0.24 0.83 1.31 3.12 - 3.2 ailable. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de ndocrine disruption, global warming potentia reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at l al to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do no cal or used container. Dispose of contents/c nal/national/international regulations. accordance with all applicable regulations. code should be assigned in discussion betw	al) are expected from this component. icensed waste disposal site. Do not allow t contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches ontainer in accordance with
rsistence and degradability baccumulative potential Partition coefficient n-octan Acetone Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Xylene bility in soil her adverse effects 3. Disposal considerations cal disposal regulations	No data ava No other ac potential, er No Collect and this materia with chemic local/region Dispose in The waste of disposal co Dispose of	-0.24 0.83 1.31 3.12 - 3.2 ailable. dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone de ndocrine disruption, global warming potentia reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at l al to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do no cal or used container. Dispose of contents/c nal/national/international regulations. accordance with all applicable regulations. code should be assigned in discussion betw mpany. in accordance with local regulations. Empty idues. This material and its container must l	al) are expected from this component. icensed waste disposal site. Do not allow t contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches ontainer in accordance with reen the user, the producer and the waste containers or liners may retain some

## 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT	, U,	Û,	0,	01	0	•	
UN number	UN1263						
UN proper shipping name	Paint rela	ted mate	erial includi	ng paint thinnin	g, drying, re	moving, or re	educing compound
Transport hazard class(es)							
Class	3						
Subsidiary risk	-						
Label(s)	3						
Packing group	II						
Special precautions for user	Read safe	ety instru	uctions, SD	S and emergen	icy procedur	es before ha	ndling.

Special provisions	149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	I
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to	Not established.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	
DOT	



## 15. Regulatory information

**US** federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

	Notification (40 CFR 707	, Subpt. D)	
parachlorobenzotriflouride CERCLA Hazardous Substa	. ,	1.0 % One-Ti	me Export Notification only.
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether EB (CAS 111-76-2) Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		Listed. Listed. Listed. Listed. Listed.	
SARA 304 Emergency release	se notification		
Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulate	d Substances (29 CFR 1	910.1001-1050)	
Not regulated.			
Superfund Amendments and Re Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No		
SARA 302 Extremely hazard Not listed.	lous substance		
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No		
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Chemical name		CAS number	% by wt.
Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Et Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Xylene	ther EB	111-76-2 108-10-1 1330-20-7	0 - < 5 1 - < 3 5 - < 15
Other federal regulations			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112 Hazardous Air Poll	utants (HAPs) List	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (C Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112(r) Accidental Relea	se Prevention (40 C	FR 68.130)
Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.		
· · ·		Essential Chemical	s (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and
Acetone (CAS 67-64 Methyl Isobutyl Ketor	ne (CAS 108-10-1)	6532 6715	al Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
Acetone (CAS 67-64		35 %WV	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketor DEA Exempt Chemical I	ne (CAS 108-10-1)	35 %WV	
Acetone (CAS 67-64 Methyl Isobutyl Ketor	-1) ne (CAS 108-10-1)	6532 6715	<b>.</b>
Acetone (CAS 67-64	-1)	Low priority	vor Manufacturing Workplace
Methyl Isobutyl Ketor			known to the State of California to cause cancer and
JS state regulations			
JS state regulations US - California Proposit		e/Carcinogenic subs	stance
C C	ion 65 - CRT: Listed data 1333-86-4) AS 14808-60-7) 100-41-4) ne (CAS 108-10-1) AS 13463-67-7)	Listed: Febru Listed: Octob Listed: June Listed: Nover Listed: Septe	ary 21, 2003 er 1, 1988 11, 2004 nber 4, 2011 mber 2, 2011

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Butyl Cellosolve/Glycol Ether EB (CAS 111-76-2) Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information,	including date of preparation or last revision
Issue date	06-21-2016
Revision date	08-02-2017
Version #	02
Disclaimer	Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.
Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.