

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

1. Identification			
Product identifier	2K Acrylic Urethane Non-Sanding Sealer Panel Activator		
Other means of identification			
Product code	RS-777		
Recommended use	Activator		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	Distributor information		
Manufacturer			
Company name Address	Medallion Refinish System 5751 N. Webster Street Dayton, OH 45414 United States		
Telephone	TECH SUPPORT	937-890-6547	
	SALES PHONE	937-890-6547	
Website E-mail Contact person Emergency phone number	www.medallionrefinish.com info@rubber-seal.net Elizabeth Wells MAIN OFFICE: M-F	800-257-6547 800-257-6547	
	7:45am-4:30pm		
	EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.	800-424-9300 ChemTrec	
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3	
	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1	
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1	
Environmental hazards	Not classified.		
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.		
Label elements			
Signal word	Danger		
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.		
Precautionary statement			
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.		
Response		mediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.	

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

StorageStore in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place.<br/>Keep cool. Store locked up.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Mixtures** 

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
parachlorobenzotriflouride		98-56-6	40 - < 60
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate		28182-81-2	30 - < 50
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	5 - < 10
Other components below reportable leve	ls		< 1

Other components below reportable levels

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Val	ues		
Components	Туре	Value	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value
	TWA	150 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	to Chemical Hazards	
Components	Туре	Value
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3
		200 ppm
	TWA	710 mg/m3
		150 ppm
ological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted f	or the ingredient(s).
ppropriate engineering ntrols	changes per hour) should be used. A applicable, use process enclosures, maintain airborne levels below recor	chaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to nmended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been s to an acceptable level. Eye wash fountain and emergency
dividual protection measure	es, such as personal protective equipr	
Eye/face protection	Chemical respirator with organic var	oor cartridge and full facepiece.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant supplier.	gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant	clothing.
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organic var	oor cartridge and full facepiece.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective	clothing, when necessary.
eneral hygiene nsiderations	after handling the material and befor	observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing re eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work o remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should no

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Colorless
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-108.4 °F (-78 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	258.98 °F (126.1 °C) estimated
Flash point	71.6 °F (22.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.4 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	7.5 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	10.84 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.

Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	797 °F (425 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	1.28 g/cm3 estimated
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	58.14 v/v % By Volume 62 w/w % By Weight
Specific gravity	1.28 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	0.79 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 1.49 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 94.12 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 179.10 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Nitrates.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Toxic if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Components	Species	Test Results	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)			
Acute			
Inhalation			
LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg	
* Estimates for product may	be based on additional component data not shown.		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritatio	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	on		
Respiratory sensitization	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing	difficulties if inhaled.	

Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.
OSHA Specifically Regulate	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not listed.	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

## 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results		
N-Butyl Acetate (CA	S 123-86-4)				
Aquatic					
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pime	ephales promelas) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours		

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octa	nol / water (log Kow)	
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.	

#### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

## 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	UN1263 Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	ll
Special precautions for user Special provisions	r Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo	Allowed.
aircraft	
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to	Not established.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	
DOT	



## 15. Regulatory information

## US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

Not regulated.	otification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)		
CERCLA Hazardous Substa			
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123 SARA 304 Emergency releas			
Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed.	Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Superfund Amendments and Rea	uthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)		
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No		
SARA 302 Extremely hazard	-		
Not listed.			
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No		
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.			
Other federal regulations			
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List		
Not regulated. Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CF	R 68.130)	
Not regulated.			
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.		
US state regulations			
US. California Controlled Su	ostances. CA Department of Justice (Califor	nia Health and Safety Code Section 11100)	
Not listed. US. Massachusetts RTK - Su	bstance List		
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123	-86-4)		
US. New Jersey Worker and	Community Right-to-Know Act		
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123 US. Pennsylvania Worker an	-86-4) d Community Right-to-Know Law		
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123 US. Rhode Island RTK	-86-4)		
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123	-86-4)		
		sition 65): This material is not known to contain	
International Inventories			
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no	)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (	AICS) I	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	1	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)		No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in		No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Cl Substances (EINECS)		No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substance		No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Subst	ances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	1	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory		No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemic (PICCS)	al Substances	No

## Country(s) or region Inventory name

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	10-23-2015
Version #	01
Disclaimer	Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.