SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier Dual Prime Red Oxide

Other means of identification

Product code RS-575
Recommended use Sealer

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company nameMedallion Refinish SystemAddress5751 N. Webster StreetDayton, OH 45414

United States

Telephone TECH SUPPORT

SALES 937-890-6547 PHONE 800-257-6547

Website www.medallionrefinish.com
E-mail info@rubber-seal.net

Contact person Elizabeth Wells

Emergency phone number MAIN OFFICE: M-F 800-257-6547

7:45am-4:30pm

EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2Health hazardsAcute toxicity, oralCategory 4Skin corrosion/irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2A

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

937-890-6547

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Category 2

Category 1

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Environmental hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious

eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: Dual Prime Red Oxide RS-575 Version #: 01 Issue date: 10-27-2015

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

 $\label{local/regional/national/international regulations.} Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.$

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

43.11% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 54.44% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 51.7% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Toluene		108-88-3	20 - < 40
Talc		14807-96-6	5 - < 35
Tert Butyl Acetate		540-88-5	10 - < 30
Acetone		67-64-1	5 - < 15
Xylene		1330-20-7	5 - < 15
Dibutyl Phthalate		84-74-2	0 - < 5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0 - < 5
Glycol Ether PM Acetate		108-65-6	0 - < 5
Iron Oxide		1309-37-1	0 - < 5
Trimethyl Benzene		25551-13-7	0 - < 5
Trimetyl Benzene		95-63-6	0 - < 5
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	0< 1
Crystalline Quartz		14808-60-7	0< 1
Isopropyl Benzene		98-82-8	0< 1
Mineral Spirits		8052-41-3	0< 1
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone		872-50-4	0< 1
Silicon dioxide		112945-52-5	0< 1
tert-Butyl Alcohol		75-65-0	0< 1
Other components below reportable levels	s		< 1

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contactTake off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Ingestion

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area, Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Material name: Dual Prime Red Oxide

SDS US RS-575 Version #: 01 Issue date: 10-27-2015

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	3.5 mg/m3	
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	PEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)	PEL	2900 mg/m3	
,		500 ppm	
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)	PEL	950 mg/m3	
•		200 ppm	
tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
•		100 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling TWA	300 ppm 200 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)			-
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
		20 mppcf	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		20 mppcf	
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	_		F
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)	TWA	200 ppm	
tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)	TWA	100 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)	TWA	25 ppm	
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL TWA	150 ppm 100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Ha		pp	
Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3 250 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	245 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)	TWA	950 mg/m3	·
,		200 ppm	
tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)	STEL	450 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
	TWA	300 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	125 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
US. Workplace Environmental Exp	• • •		
Components	Туре	Value	
Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	50 ppm	
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	TWA	40 mg/m3	
·		10 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Components Value **Determinant Specimen Sampling Time** Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 50 mg/l Acetone Urine Ethylbenzene (CAS Sum of Creatinine in 0.15 g/g mandelic acid 100-41-4) urine and phenylglyoxylic acid N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone 100 mg/l 5-Hydroxy-N-m Urine (CAS 872-50-4) ethyl-2-pyrrolid one Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 0.3 mg/g o-Cresol, with Creatinine in hydrolysis urine 0.03 mg/l Toluene Urine 0.02 mg/l Blood Toluene Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 1.5 g/g Methylhippuric Creatinine in acids urine

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6) Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Skin designation applies. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US WEEL Guides: Skin designation

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Respiratory protection Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. **Form** Liquid. Red Color Solvent. Odor **Odor threshold** Not available. pН Not available.

-138.82 °F (-94.9 °C) estimated Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

Flash point -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.3 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

12.8 % estimated

(%)

Not available. Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

58.9 hPa estimated Vapor pressure

Vapor density Not available. Not available. Relative density

Material name: Dual Prime Red Oxide

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available. Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 799 °F (426.11 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 1.35 g/cm3 estimated Flammability class Flammable IB estimated Percent volatile 64.32 w/w % By Weight 74.18 v/v % By Volume

Specific gravity 1.35 estimated

VOC (Weight %) 3.15 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 4.71 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 377.10 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 564.14 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Causes skin irritation. Skin contact

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
		20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg

Material name: Dual Prime Red Oxide

SDS US 8 / 17 RS-575 Version #: 01 Issue date: 10-27-2015

Components	Species	Test Results
	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	4200 mg/kg
		20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	25 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	15.68 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Guinea pig	10000 mg/kg
	Mouse	4840 mg/kg
	Rat	6300 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		ssss m y my
Acute		
<u>Acute</u> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)	. 131	
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	2000 ppm, 7 Hours
		24.7 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral	1 (0.1	ooo ppiii, Triodio
LD50	Rat	1400 mg/kg
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-		. 100 mg/ng
Acute	50-4)	
<u> Dermal</u>		
LD50	Rabbit	8000 mg/kg
Oral		3 3
LD50	Mouse	5130 mg/kg
	Rat	3914 mg/kg
	r cat	4.2 ml/kg
Silicon diovido (CAS 11204E ES ES		7.2 HW/Ng
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5) <u>Acute</u>		
<u>Acute</u> Oral		
LD50	Mouse	> 15000 mg/kg
	Rat	> 22500 mg/kg
tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)		- LEGOO HIGHNY
Acute		
<u>Acute</u> Oral		
LD50	Rabbit	3.6 g/kg
	Rat	3.5 g/kg
	· Gt	o.o gring

Components **Species Test Results** Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12124 mg/kg 14.1 ml/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 5320 ppm, 8 Hours

400 ppm, 24 Hours

Rat 26700 ppm, 1 Hours

> 12200 ppm, 2 Hours 8000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 2.6 g/kg

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat 8970 mg/kg

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

Inhalation

Rat LC50 > 2000 ppm, 48 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 6 g/kg

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 3907 mg/l, 6 Hours

Rat

6350 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

> Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation. Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS	84-74-2)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.99 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus)	0.4 - 0.53 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100)-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropyl Benzene (CA	S 98-82-8)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS	5 540-88-5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	296 - 362 mg/l, 96 hours
tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS	75-65-0)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4607 - 6577 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	6130 - 6700 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3	5)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours

Material name: Dual Prime Red Oxide

RS-575 Version #: 01 Issue date: 10-27-2015 11 / 17

Components Species Test Results

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone	-0.24
Dibutyl Phthalate	4.9
Ethylbenzene	3.15
Isopropyl Benzene	3.66
Mineral Spirits	3.16 - 7.15
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	-0.54
Tert Butyl Acetate	1.76
tert-Butyl Alcohol	0.35
Toluene	2.73
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound, MARINE

POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group II
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 173
Packaging bulk 242

RS-575 Version #: 01 Issue date: 10-27-2015

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

IATA

UN1263 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk П Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed.

Not established.

IMDG

UN1263 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk **Packing group** Ш **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant Yes F-E, S-E **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



RS-575 Version #: 01 Issue date: 10-27-2015

Marine pollutant



General information DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Phthalates Action Plan

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed. Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Listed. Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5) Listed. Listed. tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

CAS number	% by wt.	
108-88-3	20 - < 40	
1330-20-7	5 - < 15	
84-74-2	0 - < 5	
100-41-4	0 - < 5	
95-63-6	0 - < 5	
98-82-8	0< 1	
872-50-4	0< 1	
75-65-0	0< 1	
	108-88-3 1330-20-7 84-74-2 100-41-4 95-63-6 98-82-8 872-50-4	108-88-3

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)

tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5) tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)

Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)

Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)

tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)

tert-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 75-65-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Listed: February 21, 2003

Listed: October 1, 1988

Listed: June 11, 2004

Listed: April 6, 2010

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed: December 2, 2005

Listed: June 15, 2001

Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed: December 2, 2005 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed: December 2, 2005

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Korea No

New Zealand Inventory New Zealand No

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances No

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 10-27-2015

Version # 01

Disclaimer Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its

product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available.

SDS US RS-575 Version #: 01 Issue date: 10-27-2015