## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



## 1. Identification

Product identifier Epoxy Primer Black

Other means of identification

Product code RS-788

Recommended use Epoxy Primer

**Recommended restrictions** No other uses are advised. **Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information** 

Manufacturer

Company name Medallion Refinish System
Address 5751 N. Webster Street
Davton, OH 45414

United States

Telephone TECH SUPPORT

SALES 937-890-6547 PHONE 800-257-6547

Website www.medallionrefinish.com
E-mail info@rubber-seal.net

Emergency phone number MAIN OFFICE: M-F 800-257-6547

7:45am-4:30pm

EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

937-890-6547

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2 Carcinogenicity Category 1A Reproductive toxicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards

Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with

Category 3

Category 3

long lasting effects.

Material name: Epoxy Primer Black

### **Precautionary statement**

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use

appropriate media to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Storage

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Mivturas

Supplemental information

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

> 16.9% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 18.56% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 93.21% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 18.67% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 18.67% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Calcium Carbonate		1317-65-3	10 - < 30
Barium Sulfate		7727-43-7	10 - < 20
Isobutyl Acetate		110-19-0	10 - < 20
Methyl Ethyl Ketone		78-93-3	10 - < 20
Isopropanol		67-63-0	5< 10
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	0< 5
Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene		75-01-4	0< 5
Xylene		1330-20-7	0< 5
Crystalline Quartz		14808-60-7	0< 1
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 1
Isobutyl Alcohol		78-83-1	0< 1
Magnesium oxide		1309-48-4	0< 1
Maleic Anhydride		108-31-6	0< 1
N-Butyl Alcohol		71-36-3	0< 1
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel		112926-00-8	0< 1
Toluene		108-88-3	0 - < 1
Vinyl Acetate		108-05-4	0< 1

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation Skin contact

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Material name: Epoxy Primer Black

2/12

SDS US

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Headache. Dizziness. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness,

swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may

**General information** 

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

# Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

cause chronic effects.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Material name: Epoxy Primer Black

SDS US

RS-788 Version #: 03 Revision date: 09-22-2017 Issue date: 03-09-2016

### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Components	Туре	Value	
Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4)	STEL	5 ppm	
,	TWA	1 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Co	ontaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
•		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
•		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	3.5 mg/m3	
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	PEL	700 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.10	000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
·	TWA	200 ppm	

Material name: Epoxy Primer Black

Components	Туре		Val	ue 	Form
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	TWA			g/m3	Respirable fraction.
			15 r	ng/m3	Total dust.
			50 r	nppcf	Total dust.
			15 r	nppcf	Respirable fraction.
US. ACGIH Threshold Lim	it Values				
Components	Туре	) 	Val		Form
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	TWA		5 m	g/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA		3 m	g/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	STEI	_	150	ppm	
	TWA		50 բ	-	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEI	_	300	ppm	
	TWA		200	ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA		20 բ	pm	
Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4)	TWA		1 pp	om	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEI	_	150	ppm	
, (2.10 1000 201)	TWA			ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide					
Components	Type	<b>)</b>	Val	ue	Form
<u> </u>					
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	TWA			g/m3	Respirable.
0.1.				ng/m3	Total
Calcium Carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	•		g/m3	Respirable.
0   5   (0.0	<b></b>			ng/m3	Total
Carbon Black (CAS	TWA		0.1	mg/m3	
1333-86-4) Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	TWA		700	mg/m3	
110-10-0)			150	ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	-		mg/m3	
•• •/			300	ppm	
	TWA			mg/m3	
				ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEI	_		mg/m3	
,				ppm	
	TWA	ı.		mg/m3	
				ppm	
ogical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Exposu	re Indices				
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling <sup>-</sup>	Time
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*	
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*	
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*	

### **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin. Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. **Hand protection** 

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. Other

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Respiratory protection

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.









General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** Liquid. **Form** Liquid. Color Black Solvent. Odor **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available.

-145.84 °F (-98.8 °C) estimated Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling 175.26 °F (79.59 °C) estimated

range

15.8 °F (-9.0 °C) estimated Flash point

**Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - lower

(%)

1.8 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

10.5 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

46.09 hPa estimated Vapor pressure

Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Material name: Epoxy Primer Black RS-788 Version #: 03 Revision date: 09-22-2017 Issue date: 03-09-2016 Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

759.2 °F (404 °C) estimated

**Decomposition temperature** 

Not available. Not available.

Other information

**Viscosity** 

1.52 g/cm3 estimated Density

**Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile 43.16 w/w % By Weight

62.06 v/v % By Volume

Specific gravity 1.52 estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability** Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

Conditions to avoid

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. Dizziness. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness,

swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Not known. **Acute toxicity** 

Components **Species Test Results** 

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

**Acute** 

Oral LD50

Rat 2300 - 3500 mg/kg

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

**Acute** Oral

LD50 Rat

3523 - 8600 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Causes skin irritation. Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer. Respiratory sensitization

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Material name: Epoxy Primer Black RS-788 Version #: 03 Revision date: 09-22-2017 Issue date: 03-09-2016 **Carcinogenicity** May cause cancer.

### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

## OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4) Cancer

## US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

**Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

otoxicity Har		rmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Components		Species	Test Results	
Barium Sulfate (CAS	7727-43-7)			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Tubificid worm (Tubifex tubifex)	28.61 - 38.03 mg/l, 48 hours	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (	CAS 78-93-3)			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4025 - 6440 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	> 400 mg/l, 96 hours	
Toluene (CAS 108-88	-3)			
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20	-7)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours	

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

### Persistence and degradability

## Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 Isobutyl Acetate
 1.78

 Methyl Ethyl Ketone
 0.29

 Toluene
 2.73

 Xylene
 3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal instructions**

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

SDS US 8 / 12

RS-788 Version #: 03 Revision date: 09-22-2017 Issue date: 03-09-2016

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Material name: Epoxy Primer Black

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

## 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

**UN** number UN1263

**UN proper shipping name** 

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) **Packing group** Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 173 242 Packaging bulk

**IATA** 

**UN** number UN1263

**UN proper shipping name** Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG** 

**UN** number UN1263

**UN** proper shipping name PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid

lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk П Packing group **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No. **EmS** F-E, <u>S-E</u>

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

Material name: Epoxy Primer Black

SDS US

RS-788 Version #: 03 Revision date: 09-22-2017 Issue date: 03-09-2016



IATA; IMDG



## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** 

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

### **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)
Listed.
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)
Listed.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
Listed.
Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4)
Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)
Listed.

## SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

## OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4) Cancer

Central nervous system

Liver Blood Flammability

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Toluene	108-88-3	0 - < 1	
Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene	75-01-4	0< 5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	0< 5	

#### Other federal regulations

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 35 %WV Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

### FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Low priority

Low priority

US state regulations WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and

birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4)

Listed: February 21, 2003

Listed: October 1, 1988

Listed: June 11, 2004

Listed: February 27, 1987

## US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Inventory name

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Vinyl Chloride (Chloroethylene (CAS 75-01-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region

Country(s) or region	inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 03-09-2016 **Revision date** 09-22-2017

Version # 03

RS-788 Version #: 03 Revision date: 09-22-2017 Issue date: 03-09-2016

SDS US

On inventory (vec/ne)\*

Disclaimer

Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

**Revision information** 

Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties

Material name: Epoxy Primer Black
RS-788 Version #: 03 Revision date: 09-22-2017 Issue date: 03-09-2016