## SAFETY DATA SHEET



## 1. Identification

**Product identifier Self Etching Primer** 

Other means of identification

RS-786 Product code Recommended use Primer

**Recommended restrictions** No other uses are advised. Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Medallion Refinish System 5751 N. Webster Street **Address** Dayton, OH 45414

**United States** 

**TECH SUPPORT** Telephone

> SALES 937-890-6547 **PHONE** 800-257-6547

Website www.medallionrefinish.com E-mail info@rubber-seal.net

MAIN OFFICE: M-F **Emergency phone number** 

7:45am-4:30pm

800-257-6547 EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

937-890-6547

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Carcinogenicity Category 1A Reproductive toxicity Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Category 1

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 2

Category 2

**OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs

through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statement**

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

#### **Storage**

Disposal

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

22.99% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 53.6% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 47.92% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 48.47% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 48.47% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Ethanol		64-17-5	30 - < 40
Isobutyl Alcohol		78-83-1	10 - < 20
Isopropanol		67-63-0	10 - < 20
Glycol Ether PM Acetate		108-65-6	5 - < 10
Toluene		108-88-3	5 - < 10
Calcium Carbonate		1317-65-3	3 - < 5
Titanium Dioxide		13463-67-7	3 - < 5
Barium Sulfate		7727-43-7	1 - < 3
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-		108-38-3	1 - < 3
Methanol		67-56-1	1 - < 3
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL		95-47-6	< 1
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-		106-42-3	< 1
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	< 1
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		108-10-1	< 1
Silicon Dioxide (as Amorphous Silica; See Silica), Particulate		112945-52-5	< 1
Silica		7631-86-9	< 0.3
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	< 0.1
Crystalline Quartz		14808-60-7	< 0.1
Formaldehyde		50-00-0	< 0.1

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Coughing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs,

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** 

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

# Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

## US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3	

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JS. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contar Components	Type	Value	Form
		100 ppm	
ENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- CAS 106-42-3)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
•		100 ppm	
alcium Carbonate (CAS 317-65-3)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
,,,,		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
thanol (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	1900 mg/m3	
TUVI DENIZENE (OAO	DEL	1000 ppm	
THYLBENZENE (CAS 00-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
	DE!	100 ppm	
obutyl Alcohol (CAS 3-83-1)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
opropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3	
othonol (CAS 67 FC 4)	DEL	400 ppm	
ethanol (CAS 67-56-1)	PEL	260 mg/m3 200 ppm	
ethyl Isobutyl Ketone	PEL	410 mg/m3	
AS 108-10-1)		·	
	DE!	100 ppm	<b>-</b>
tanium Dioxide (CAS 3463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
S. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)			
omponents	Туре	Value	
oluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
C OCUA Table 7.2 (20 OFD 4040 4000)	TWA	200 ppm	
S. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) omponents	Туре	Value	Form
arium Sulfate (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
7727-43-7)		15 ma/m2	Total dust.
		15 mg/m3 50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
		5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
tanium Dioxide (CAS	TWA		
	TWA		
	TWA	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
	TWA	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf	Total dust.
3463-67-7)	TWA	15 mg/m3	
3463-67-7) S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	Туре	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf	Total dust.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents arium Sulfate (CAS		15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents arium Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7) ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	Туре	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf <b>Value</b>	Total dust. Respirable fraction. Form
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents arium Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7) ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	Type TWA STEL	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value 5 mg/m3  150 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction. Form
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents  arium Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7) ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- AS 108-38-3)	Type TWA STEL TWA	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value 5 mg/m3 150 ppm 100 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents  arium Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7) ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- AS 108-38-3)  ENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	Type  TWA  STEL  TWA  STEL	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value  5 mg/m3  150 ppm  100 ppm 150 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents  arium Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7) ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-CAS 108-38-3) ENZENE, O-DIMETHYL EAS 95-47-6)	Type TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value  5 mg/m3  150 ppm  100 ppm  100 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents  arium Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7) ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- CAS 108-38-3) ENZENE, O-DIMETHYL CAS 95-47-6) ENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	Type  TWA  STEL  TWA  STEL	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value  5 mg/m3  150 ppm  100 ppm 150 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction. Form
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents  arium Sulfate (CAS 27-43-7) ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-EAS 108-38-3) ENZENE, O-DIMETHYL EAS 95-47-6) ENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	Type TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value  5 mg/m3  150 ppm  100 ppm  100 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents  arium Sulfate (CAS '27-43-7) ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-EAS 108-38-3) ENZENE, O-DIMETHYLEAS 95-47-6) ENZENE, P-DIMETHYLEAS 106-42-3)	Type TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value  5 mg/m3  150 ppm  100 ppm 150 ppm  100 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents  arium Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7) ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-CAS 108-38-3) ENZENE, O-DIMETHYL CAS 95-47-6) ENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-CAS 106-42-3)  thanol (CAS 64-17-5) THYLBENZENE (CAS	Type TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value  5 mg/m3  150 ppm  100 ppm  100 ppm  150 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents  arium Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7) ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-CAS 108-38-3)  ENZENE, O-DIMETHYL CAS 95-47-6)  ENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-CAS 106-42-3)  thanol (CAS 64-17-5) THYLBENZENE (CAS 00-41-4)	Type TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value  5 mg/m3  150 ppm 100 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm 20 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values omponents  arium Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7)  ENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-CAS 108-38-3)  ENZENE, O-DIMETHYL CAS 95-47-6)  ENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-CAS 106-42-3)  thanol (CAS 64-17-5)  THYLBENZENE (CAS 00-41-4) obutyl Alcohol (CAS 3-83-1)	Type  TWA  STEL  TWA  STEL  TWA  STEL  TWA  STEL  TWA  STEL  TWA  STEL  TWA  TWA	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value  5 mg/m3  150 ppm 100 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm 100 ppm 20 ppm 50 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
itanium Dioxide (CAS 3463-67-7)  IS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values components  Grain Sulfate (CAS 727-43-7)  GENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-CAS 108-38-3)  GENZENE, O-DIMETHYL CAS 95-47-6)  GENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-CAS 106-42-3)  GENZENE, CAS 64-17-5)  GENZENE, CAS 64-17-5)	Type TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA STEL TWA	15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf 15 mppcf  Value  5 mg/m3  150 ppm 100 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm 20 ppm	Total dust. Respirable fraction. Form

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	<b>T</b>		Eaum.
Components	Туре	Value	Form
	TWA	200 ppm	
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	STEL	75 ppm	
(CAS 108-10-1)			
	TWA	20 ppm	
Titanium Dioxide (CAS	TWA	10 mg/m3	
13463-67-7)	T\A/A	20	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemi			_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Barium Sulfate (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
7727-43-7)			
		10 mg/m3	Total
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	STEL	655 mg/m3	
(CAS 108-38-3)		450	
	T14/4	150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
DENIZENE O SUITETUU	0.77	100 ppm	
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	STEL	655 mg/m3	
(CAS 95-47-6)		150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
	IVVA	100 ppm	
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	STEL	655 mg/m3	
(CAS 106-42-3)	SIEL	055 Hg/H5	
(6.15 155 12 5)		150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Calcium Carbonate (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
1317-65-3)		g	
		10 mg/m3	Total
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS	STEL	545 mg/m3	
100-41-4)			
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS	TWA	150 mg/m3	
78-83-1)		50	
Jacobson (CAC CZ CC C)	OTE!	50 ppm	
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3	
	T) 0 / 0	500 ppm	
	TWA	980 mg/m3	
M. II (0.4.0. 0= -0.1)	o	400 ppm	
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	325 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	260 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	STEL	300 mg/m3	
(CAS 108-10-1)		75	
	T\A/A	75 ppm	
	TWA	205 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		1E0 nnm	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3 100 ppm	

 Components
 Type
 Value

 Glycol Ether PM Acetate
 TWA
 50 ppm

# (CAS 108-65-6) Biological limit values

<b>ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices</b>
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Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	1 mg/l	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

## **Exposure guidelines**

## US - California OELs: Skin designation

Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Skin designation applies. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.









Material name: Self Etching Primer

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Gray
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

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12 % estimated

range

Flash point 39.2 °F (4.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 1.2 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 44.53 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

**Auto-ignition temperature** 685 °F (362.78 °C) estimated

**Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

**Density** 1.09 g/cm3 estimated

**Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile 78.39 w/w % By Weight

87.72 v/v % By Volume

Specific gravity 1.09 estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens. Isocyanates. Chlorine.

Material name: Self Etching Primer
RS-786 Version #: 03 Revision date: 08-24-2017 Issue date: 07-22-2015

SDS US

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs by inhalation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea,

vomiting.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage.

**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Coughing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test Results
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL	(CAS 108-38-3)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	_ (CAS 95-47-6)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL	- (CAS 106-42-3)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral	5.4	0.500 0.000 #
LD50	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 1	100-41-4)	
Acute		
<b>Oral</b> LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
		3500 mg/kg
Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 78-	-83-1)	
<u>Acute</u> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	3392 mg/kg
Oral	rabh	5552 mg/kg
LD50	Rat	2.46 g/kg
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0		=: 10 g/Ng
Acute	5)	
Oral		
LD50	Rat	4.7 g/kg
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (C	CAS 108-10-1)	J J
Acute (S	,	
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

#### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

#### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

#### US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects**Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

otoxicity	Toxic to a	quatic life with long lasting effects.	
Components		Species	Test Results
Barium Sulfate (CAS 77	(27-43-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Tubificid worm (Tubifex tubifex)	28.61 - 38.03 mg/l, 48 hours
BENZENE, M-DIMETH	YL- (CAS 108-38-	3)	
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.81 - 5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.4 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, O-DIMETHY	YL (CAS 95-47-6)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, P-DIMETHY	/L- (CAS 106-42-3	3)	
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.55 - 6.31 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas	s) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours

Components		Species	Test Results
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100	)-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 78-83	B-1)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	950 - 1200 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bleak (Alburnus alburnus)	1000 - 3000 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS	S 108-10-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours
Titanium Dioxide (CAS 1346	63-67-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

## Persistence and degradability

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	3.2
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	3.12
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	3.15
Ethanol	-0.31
ETHYLBENZENE	3.15
Isobutyl Alcohol	0.76
Isopropanol	0.05
Methanol	-0.77
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.31
Toluene	2.73

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow **Disposal instructions** 

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

## 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

**UN** number UN1263

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound, MARINE **UN proper shipping name** 

**POLLUTANT** 

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk \_ Label(s) 3 **Packing group** П **Environmental hazards** 

> Yes Marine pollutant

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

149. B52. IB2. T4. TP1. TP8. TP28 Special provisions

150 Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk 173 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN1263 **UN number** 

Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds) UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG** 

**UN** number UN1263

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid **UN proper shipping name** 

lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound),

MARINE POLLUTANT

Not established.

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** 

Yes Marine pollutant F-E, S-E **EmS** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

Material name: Self Etching Primer

SDS US

### DOT



IATA; IMDG



## Marine pollutant



**General information** 

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.

## 15. Regulatory information

**US** federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

## **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Listed. Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7) BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3) Listed. BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6) Listed. BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3) Listed. Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Listed. ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 78-83-1) Listed. Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Listed. Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed.

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

## OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

Material name: Self Etching Primer

SDS US

## SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

CAS number	% by wt.	
108-38-3	1 - < 3	
95-47-6	< 1	
106-42-3	< 1	
100-41-4	< 1	
67-63-0	10 - < 20	
67-56-1	1 - < 3	
108-10-1	< 1	
108-88-3	5 - < 10	
	108-38-3 95-47-6 106-42-3 100-41-4 67-63-0 67-56-1 108-10-1	108-38-3 95-47-6 106-42-3 100-41-4 67-63-0 67-56-1 108-10-1 1 - < 3 10 - < 20 1 - < 3

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3) BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6) BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3) ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

## Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

## Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

## FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Isobutyl Alcohol (CAS 78-83-1)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

Low priority

Low priority

**US state regulations** WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and

birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

 Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
 Listed: February 21, 2003

 Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)
 Listed: October 1, 1988

 Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)
 Listed: April 29, 2011

 Listed: July 1, 1988
 Listed: July 1, 1988

 ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)
 Listed: June 11, 2004

 Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)
 Listed: January 1, 1988

 Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)
 Listed: November 4, 2011

 Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)
 Listed: September 2, 2011

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed: October 1, 1987

Listed: March 16, 2012

Listed: March 28, 2014

Listed: January 1, 1991

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3) BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6) BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 07-22-2015

 Revision date
 08-24-2017

Version # 03

**Disclaimer** Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its

product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

Revision information Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties

Material name: Self Etching Primer

SDS US