

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Epoxy Primer Catalyst</b>	
<b>Other means of identification</b>		
<b>Product code</b>	RS-781	
<b>Recommended use</b>	Epoxy Primer Catalyst	
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	No other uses are advised.	
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>		
<b>Manufacturer</b>		
<b>Company name</b>	Medallion Refinish System	
<b>Address</b>	5751 N. Webster Street Dayton, OH 45414 United States	
<b>Telephone</b>	TECH SUPPORT	937-890-6547
	SALES	937-890-6547
	PHONE	800-257-6547
<b>Website</b>	www.medallion.omnispear.com	
<b>E-mail</b>	info@rubber-seal.net	
<b>Emergency phone number</b>	MAIN OFFICE: M-F 7:45am-4:30pm	800-257-6547
	EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.	800-424-9300 ChemTrec

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable liquids	Category 2
<b>Health hazards</b>	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 3
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Not classified.	

### Label elements



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger
<b>Hazard statement</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Precautionary statement</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

<b>Response</b>	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
<b>Storage</b>	Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	56.81% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 76.81% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 99.37% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 86.61% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 86.61% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Tert Butyl Acetate		540-88-5	30 - < 40
Methyl Acetate		79-20-9	20 - < 30
Isopropanol		67-63-0	10 - < 20
parachlorobenzotriflouride		98-56-6	10 - < 20
N-Butyl Alcohol		71-36-3	1 - < 3
Triethylenetetramine Regulatory		112-24-3	< 0.3
tert-Butyl Alcohol		75-65-0	< 0.2

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.  Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.  Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

<b>Precautions for safe handling</b>	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.  For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
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**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3
		400 ppm
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3
		200 ppm
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	PEL	300 mg/m3
		100 ppm
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)	PEL	950 mg/m3
		200 ppm

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	250 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	TWA	20 ppm
	TWA	20 ppm
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3
	TWA	500 ppm
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	TWA	980 mg/m3
	STEL	400 ppm
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	760 mg/m3
	TWA	250 ppm
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	TWA	610 mg/m3
	Ceiling	200 ppm
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)	Ceiling	150 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)	TWA	950 mg/m3
	TWA	200 ppm

**US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides**

Components	Type	Value
Triethylenetetramine Regulatory (CAS 112-24-3)	TWA	6 mg/m3
		1 ppm

## Biological limit values

### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

## Exposure guidelines

### US - California OELs: Skin designation

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

### US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Skin designation applies.

### US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

### US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

### US WEEL Guides: Skin designation

Triethylenetetramine Regulatory (CAS 112-24-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

## Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

### Eye/face protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

### Skin protection

#### Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

#### Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

### Respiratory protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

### Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.



## General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

#### Physical state

Liquid.

#### Form

Liquid.

#### Color

Not available.

#### Odor

Not available.

#### Odor threshold

Not available.

#### pH

Not available.

#### Melting point/freezing point

-144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated

#### Initial boiling point and boiling range

134.24 °F (56.8 °C) estimated

#### Flash point

14.0 °F (-10.0 °C) estimated

#### Evaporation rate

Not available.

#### Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

## Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	1.5 % estimated
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	16 % estimated
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	107.63 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	750.2 °F (399 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Density</b>	0.91 g/cm <sup>3</sup> estimated
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Flammability class</b>	Flammable IB estimated
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	42.75 % estimated
<b>Specific gravity</b>	0.91 estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Isocyanates. Chlorine.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	Not known.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	4.7 g/kg
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	790 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>	
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>	Not listed.
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)</b>	Not regulated.
<b>US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens</b>	Not listed.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not an aspiration hazard.
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

## 12. Ecological information

Components	Species	Test Results
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) > 1400 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 296 - 362 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

#### Persistence and degradability

#### Bioaccumulative potential

##### Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Isopropanol	0.05
Methyl Acetate	0.18
N-Butyl Alcohol	0.88
Tert Butyl Acetate	1.76

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

<b>DOT</b>	
<b>UN number</b>	UN1993
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Tert Butyl Acetate RQ = 13224 LBS, Methyl Acetate RQ = 500 LBS)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	150
<b>Packaging non bulk</b>	202
<b>Packaging bulk</b>	242
<b>IATA</b>	
<b>UN number</b>	UN1993
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Tert Butyl Acetate, Methyl Acetate)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>ERG Code</b>	3H
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Other information**

**Passenger and cargo aircraft** Allowed with restrictions.  
**Cargo aircraft only** Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG**

**UN number** UN1993  
**UN proper shipping name** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tert Butyl Acetate, Methyl Acetate)  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 3  
**Subsidiary risk** -  
**Packing group** II  
**Environmental hazards**  
**Marine pollutant** No.  
**EmS** F-E, S-E  
**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

**DOT****IATA; IMDG**

## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

parachlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS 98-56-6) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Listed.  
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Listed.  
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Listed.  
Tert Butyl Acetate (CAS 540-88-5) Listed.

**SARA 304 Emergency release notification**

Not regulated.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Not regulated.

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - Yes  
Delayed Hazard - No  
Fire Hazard - Yes  
Pressure Hazard - No  
Reactivity Hazard - No

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** No

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Isopropanol	67-63-0	10 - < 20
N-Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	1 - < 3

## Other federal regulations

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

### FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Low priority  
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Low priority  
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Low priority

## US state regulations

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

### US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

## International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 04-27-2017

**Version #** 01

**Disclaimer** Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.