# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# 1. Identification

**Product identifier Slow Thinner** 

Other means of identification

MRS-3872 Product code Recommended use Thinner

Recommended restrictions No other uses are advised. Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Medallion Refinish System Company name 5751 N. Webster Street **Address** Dayton, OH 45414

**United States** 

Telephone TECH SUPPORT

> SALES 937-890-6547 **PHONE** 800-257-6547

Website www.medallionrefinish.com E-mail info@rubber-seal.net

MAIN OFFICE: M-F **Emergency phone number** 

7:45am-4:30pm

800-424-9300 ChemTrec EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.

937-890-6547

800-257-6547

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Aspiration hazard Category 1 Category 2

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 2

long-term hazard

**OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

> airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statement**

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

# Storage

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

**Disposal** 

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

19% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 59% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 50% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 69% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 69% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Ester Solvent EEP		763-69-9	30 - < 50
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		108-10-1	10 - < 30
V M & P Naphtha		64742-89-8	10 - < 30
Methyl Ethyl Ketone		78-93-3	5 - < 15
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-		108-38-3	5 - < 10
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL		95-47-6	1 - < 3
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-		106-42-3	1 - < 3
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	1 - < 3

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Headache. Dizziness. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### **General information**

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Components	Туре	Value
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	PEL	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	PEL	435 mg/m3
,		100 ppm
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3
,		100 ppm
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3
,		200 ppm
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	PEL	410 mg/m3
(= = = = = ,		100 ppm
V M & P Naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)	PEL	400 mg/m3
3.1.12 33 37		100 ppm
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values		
Components	Туре	Value
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	150 ppm

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Components	Туре		Val		
	TWA			ppm	
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	STEL		150	ppm	
	TWA		100	ppm	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA		20 բ	ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL		300	ppm	
,	TWA		200	ppm	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL		75 բ		
	TWA		20 բ	pm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to C	hemical Hazards				
Components	Туре		Val	ıe	
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL		655	mg/m3	
(CAS 100-30-3)			150	ppm	
	TWA			mg/m3	
	1 4 4 7			ppm	
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	STEL			mg/m3	
(CAS 95-47-6)	OTEL				
				ppm	
	TWA			mg/m3	
				ppm	
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	STEL		655	mg/m3	
( )				ppm	
	TWA			mg/m3	
				ppm	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL		545	mg/m3	
,			125	ppm	
	TWA			mg/m3	
			100	ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL			mg/m3	
10 00 01				ppm	
	TWA			mg/m3	
				ppm	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL		300	mg/m3	
•			75 p	ppm	
	TWA		205	mg/m3	
			50 բ	•	
V M & P Naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)	TWA		400	mg/m3	
,			100	ppm	
ogical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Exposure Inc	dices				
Components Valu	ıe	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- 1.5 (	g/g	Methylhippuric	Creatinine in	*	
(CAS 108-38-3) BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL 1.5 (	g/g	acids Methylhippuric	urine Creatinine in	*	
(CAS 95-47-6)		acids Methylhippuric	urine		
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- 1.5			Creatinine in	*	

Material name: Slow Thinner SDS US

#### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	1 mg/l	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*	

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

# Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.









# General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Colorless
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point
-123.95 °F (-86.64 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling
175.26 °F (79.59 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 15.8 °F (-9.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

1.8 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

(%

12 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 23.9 hPa estimated

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 759.2 °F (404 °C) estimated

**Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

**Density** 0.82 g/cm3 estimated

**Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile 100 v/v % By Volume 100 w/w % By Weight

Specific gravity 0.82 estimated

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

**Conditions to avoid**Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation.

**Skin contact** Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or

vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Headache. Dizziness. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May

cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if inhaled.

Components Species Test Results

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg

Components Species Test Results

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 2300 - 3500 mg/kg

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

<u>Acute</u>

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

#### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Chronic effects**Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results	
BENZENE, M-DIMETI	HYL- (CAS 108-38-	3)		
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.81 - 5 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.4 mg/l, 96 hours	

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)  Aquatic	0.79 2.51 mg/l 49 hours
·	0.79 2.51 mg/l 49 hours
	0.79 2.51 mg/l 49 hours
Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)	
Aquatic	
Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.55 - 6.31 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	
Aquatic	
Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promela	s) 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	
Aquatic	
Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4025 - 6440 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	> 400 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)	
Aquatic	
Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promela	s) 492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours
/ M & P Naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)	
Aquatic	
Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

# Persistence and degradability

# Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow	artition c	coefficient	n-octanol /	water	(log Kow
--	------------	-------------	-------------	-------	----------

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	3.2
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	3.12
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	3.15
ETHYLBENZENE	3.15
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	0.29
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	1.31

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dis

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

## Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

# 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN1263 **UN** number

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound **UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk \_ 3 Label(s) Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 173 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

**UN** number UN1263

**UN proper shipping name** Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 **Class** Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. 3L **ERG Code** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo Allowed with restrictions.

Not established.

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG** 

**UN** number UN1263

**UN proper shipping name** PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid

lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk П Packing group **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-E **EmS** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



Material name: Slow Thinner SDS US



# 15. Regulatory information

**US** federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

# **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3)

BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6)

BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

Listed.

#### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

## OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL-	108-38-3	5 - < 10	
BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL	95-47-6	1 - < 3	
BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL-	106-42-3	1 - < 3	
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	1 - < 3	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	10 - < 30	

# Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3) BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6) BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3) ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714 Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

Material name: Slow Thinner sps us

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 35 %WV Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714 Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

### FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Low priority
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1)

Low priority

US state regulations WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and

birth defects or other reproductive harm.

# US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: November 4, 2011

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Inventory name

BENZENE, METHYL- (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991 Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: March 28, 2014

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

BENZENE, M-DIMETHYL- (CAS 108-38-3) BENZENE, O-DIMETHYL (CAS 95-47-6) BENZENE, P-DIMETHYL- (CAS 106-42-3) ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (CAS 108-10-1) V M & P Naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region

Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

#### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 10-01-2015

 Revision date
 07-31-2017

Version # 02

United States & Puerto Rico

**Disclaimer** Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its

product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the

product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

Revision information

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

Material name: Slow Thinner SDS US

MRS-3872 Version #: 02 Revision date: 07-31-2017 Issue date: 10-01-2015

Yes

On inventory (yes/no)\*