SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier Basecoat Balancing Clear

Other means of identification

Product code RS-3695 (all sizes)

Recommended use Additive None known. **Recommended restrictions**

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Medallion Refinish System **Address** 5751 N. Webster Street Dayton, OH 45414

United States

TECH SUPPORT Telephone

SALES 937-890-6547 **PHONE** 800-257-6547

Website www.medallionrefinish.com E-mail info@rubber-seal.net

Contact person Elizabeth Wells

MAIN OFFICE: M-F **Emergency phone number**

7:45am-4:30pm

EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B

> Reproductive toxicity Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

937-890-6547

800-257-6547

exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Category 2

Category 2

Category 3 narcotic effects

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Category 2

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious

eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long

lasting effects.

Material name: Basecoat Balancing Clear RS-3695 (all sizes) Version #: 01 Issue date: 07-29-2015

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

 $\label{local/regional/national/international regulations.} Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.$

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

20.7% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 46.7% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 38.54% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 38.54% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	30 - < 50
Toluene		108-88-3	10 - < 30
Glycol Ether PM Acetate		108-65-6	5 - < 15
Acetone		67-64-1	5 - < 10
Methyl Ethyl Ketone		78-93-3	5 - < 10
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone		110-43-0	5 - < 10
Dibutyl Phthalate		84-74-2	0 - < 5
Heptane		142-82-5	0 - < 5
Isopropanol		67-63-0	0 - < 5
Naphtha		64742-49-0	0 - < 5
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel		112926-00-8	0< 5
Other components below reportable leve	els		5 - < 10

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin contactTake off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Material name: Basecoat Balancing Clear

RS-3695 (all sizes) Version #: 01 Issue date: 07-29-2015 3 / 14

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	PEL	465 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.	1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.	1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
,		20 mppcf	

Material name: Basecoat Balancing Clear

SDS US

RS-3695 (all sizes) Version #: 01 Issue date: 07-29-2015

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	
(4-74-2)	STEL	500 nnm	
leptane (CAS 142-82-5)		500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
sopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 8-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 10-43-0)	TWA	50 ppm	
I-Butyl Acetate (CAS 23-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
20-00-4)	TWA	150 ppm	
Foluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
		rr	
JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem Components	Type	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
- (/		250 ppm	
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	
34-74-2) Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
Teptane (CAS 142-62-5)	Ceiling	-	
	T) A / A	440 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
		85 ppm	
sopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	980 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 8-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
,		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS	TWA	465 mg/m3	
110-43-0)		100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS	STEL	950 mg/m3	
123-86-4)		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Silica, amorphous,	TWA	6 mg/m3	
precipitated and gel (CAS	TVVA	6 mg/ms	
112926-00-8)	QTEI	560 mg/m²	
Гoluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
	T10/0	150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
JS. Workplace Environmental Exp			
Components	Туре	Value	
Glycol Ether PM Acetate	TWA	50 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Milky
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -138.82 °F (-94.9 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

Flash point -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 1.1 % e

(%)

1.1 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper 12.8 °

12.8 % estimated

(%)

Not available. Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

42.7 hPa estimated Vapor pressure

Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available. Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

740 °F (393.33 °C) estimated **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

0.86 q/cm3 estimated Density Flammable IB estimated Flammability class Percent volatile 72.07 w/w % By Weight 75.76 v/v % By Volume

Specific gravity 0.86 estimated

VOC (Weight %) 5.17 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water Less Exempts)

> 5.49 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 619.63 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 658.11 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability** Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the Conditions to avoid

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by Inhalation

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation. Eye contact

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. **Acute toxicity**

Components **Species Test Results**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Acute **Dermal**

LD50 Rabbit 20000 mg/kg

20 ml/kg

Material name: Basecoat Balancing Clear

RS-3695 (all sizes) Version #: 01 Issue date: 07-29-2015

Components	Species	Test Results
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-7	(4-2)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal LD50	Rabbit	4200 mallea
LD50	Rabbit	4200 mg/kg
		20 ml/kg
Inhalation	Mouse	25 mg/l 2 Hours
LC50	Mouse	25 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	15.68 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral LD50	Guines nia	10000 mg/kg
LD50	Guinea pig	
	Mouse	4840 mg/kg
	Rat	6300 mg/kg
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
Acute		
Inhalation LC50	Rat	103 mg/l, 4 Hours
LD50	Mouse	75 mg/l, 2 Hours
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	Widuse	73 High, 2 Hodis
Acute		
<u>Prouto</u> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Dog	4797 mg/kg
	Mouse	3600 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5.03 g/kg
	Rat	4.7 g/kg
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 7		
<u>Acute</u>	,	
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 8000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	11000 ppm, 45 Minutes
	Rat	11700 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	670 mg/kg
	Rat	2300 - 3500 mg/kg
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS	110-43-0)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12600 mg/kg
Oral		700 "
LD50	Mouse	730 mg/kg

Species Components **Test Results** Rat 1.67 g/kg

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)

Acute Oral

LD50 Mouse > 15000 mg/kg

> > 22500 mg/kg Rat

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Acute Dermal

Rabbit LD50

12124 mg/kg

14.1 ml/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 5320 ppm, 8 Hours

400 ppm, 24 Hours

Rat 26700 ppm, 1 Hours

12200 ppm, 2 Hours

8000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 2.6 g/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

112926-00-8)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility or the unborn child. Specific target organ toxicity -May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may

be harmful.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

12. Ecological information

_	
Ecotoxicity	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1))		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS	84-74-2)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.99 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus)	0.4 - 0.53 mg/l, 96 hours
Heptane (CAS 142-82-	5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Mozambique tilapia (Tilapia mossambica)	375 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63	3-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (Ca	AS 78-93-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4025 - 6440 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	> 400 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone ((CAS 110-43-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 1	23-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3	3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

i di titioni dedinicioni ii detanoni mater (reg riem)	
Acetone	-0.24
Dibutyl Phthalate	4.9
Heptane	4.66
Isopropanol	0.05
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	0.29
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	1.98
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78
Toluene	2.73

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

SDS US

10 / 14 RS-3695 (all sizes) Version #: 01 Issue date: 07-29-2015

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN1263 **UN number**

UN proper shipping name

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28

150 Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk 173 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN1263 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group No.

Environmental hazards 3L **FRG Code**

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid

lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. F-E, <u>S-E</u>

RS-3695 (all sizes) Version #: 01 Issue date: 07-29-2015

EmS

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

Not established.



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Phthalates Action Plan

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Toluene	108-88-3	10 - < 30	
Dibutyl Phthalate	84-74-2	0 - < 5	
Isopropanol	67-63-0	0 - < 5	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

 Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
 35 %WV

 Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)
 35 %WV

 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 6714 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS 78-93-3) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed: December 2, 2005 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991 US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed: December 2, 2005

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009 US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Dibutyl Phthalate (CAS 84-74-2) Listed: December 2, 2005

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

07-29-2015 Issue date

Version # 01

United States & Puerto Rico

Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its Disclaimer

product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available.

Material name: Basecoat Balancing Clear

RS-3695 (all sizes) Version #: 01 Issue date: 07-29-2015

SDS US

No