

1. Identification

Product identifier **Basecoat Converter**

Other means of identification

Product code RS-3689 (all sizes)

Recommended use Additive

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Medallion Refinish System

Address 5751 N. Webster Street
 Dayton, OH 45414
 United States

Telephone TECH SUPPORT 937-890-6547
 SALES 937-890-6547
 PHONE 800-257-6547

Website www.medallionrefinish.com

E-mail info@rubber-seal.net

Contact person Elizabeth Wells

Emergency phone number MAIN OFFICE: M-F 800-257-6547
 7:45am-4:30pm
 EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

Health hazards Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3

 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 3

 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 3

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

| | |
|--|---|
| Response | If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. |
| Storage | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. |
| Supplemental information | 30.75% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 21% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 21% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| N-Butyl Acetate | | 123-86-4 | 60 - < 80 |
| N-Butyl Alcohol | | 71-36-3 | 5 - < 20 |
| Glycol Ether PM Acetate | | 108-65-6 | 5 - < 10 |
| Silica | | 7631-86-9 | 0 < 5 |
| Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel | | 112926-00-8 | 0 < 5 |
| Other components below reportable levels | | | 10 - < 20 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

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| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. |
| Skin contact | Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |

| | |
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| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| General fire hazards | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. |

6. Accidental release measures

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| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. |
| Environmental precautions | Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

7. Handling and storage

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| Precautions for safe handling | Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code". |
|--------------------------------------|--|

**Conditions for safe storage,
including any incompatibilities**

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits****US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

| Components | Type | Value |
|--------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|
| N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | PEL | 710 mg/m3 |
| N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) | PEL | 150 ppm 300 mg/m3 100 ppm |

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value |
|---|------|-----------------------|
| Silica (CAS 7631-86-9) | TWA | 0.8 mg/m3 20 mppcf |
| Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8) | TWA | 0.8 mg/m3 20 mppcf |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value |
|--------------------------------|------|---------|
| N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | STEL | 200 ppm |
| N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) | TWA | 150 ppm |
| | TWA | 20 ppm |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value |
|---|---------|---------------------------------|
| N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | STEL | 950 mg/m3 |
| | TWA | 200 ppm 710 mg/m3 150 ppm |
| N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) | Ceiling | 150 mg/m3 |
| Silica (CAS 7631-86-9) | TWA | 50 ppm 6 mg/m3 |
| Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8) | TWA | 6 mg/m3 |

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

| Components | Type | Value |
|--|------|--------|
| Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6) | TWA | 50 ppm |

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.
Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Liquid.

Form

Liquid.

Color

Milky

Odor

Solvent.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

-129.64 °F (-89.8 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range

243.86 °F (117.7 °C) estimated

Flash point

71.6 °F (22.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

1.4 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper (%)

11.3 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Vapor pressure

13.79 hPa estimated

Vapor density

Not available.

Relative density

Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

650 °F (343.33 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Viscosity

Not available.

Other information

Density

0.87 g/cm³ estimated

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Flammability class | Flammable IB estimated |
| Percent volatile | 85.8 w/w % By Weight 88.83 v/v % By Volume |
| Specific gravity | 0.87 estimated |
| VOC (Weight %) | 6.50 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 6.50 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water Less Exempts) 779.12 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 779.12 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|--|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Alkaline metals. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Inhalation | Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye damage. |
| Ingestion | Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. |

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|---|---|
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. |
|---|---|

Information on toxicological effects

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Acute toxicity | Toxic if inhaled. Narcotic effects. |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------|
| N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | | |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Wistar rat | 160 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 14000 mg/kg |
| N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) | | |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 3400 mg/kg |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 8000 ppm, 4 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 790 mg/kg |
| Silica (CAS 7631-86-9) | | |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Mouse | > 15000 mg/kg |
| | Rat | > 22500 mg/kg |

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|--|---------------|
| Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8) | | |
| <u>Acute</u> | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Mouse | > 15000 mg/kg |
| | Rat | > 22500 mg/kg |
| * Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown. | | |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation. | |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye damage. | |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not a respiratory sensitizer. | |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. | |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. | |
| Carcinogenicity | This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. | |
| IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity | | |
| Silica (CAS 7631-86-9) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. | |
| Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. | |
| OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) | | |
| Not listed. | | |
| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. | |
| Aspiration hazard | Not an aspiration hazard. | |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. | |

12. Ecological information

| Ecotoxicity | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Components | | Species | Test Results |
| N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) | 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours |
| N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) | 100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

| | |
|-----------------|------|
| N-Butyl Acetate | 1.78 |
| N-Butyl Alcohol | 0.88 |

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

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| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. |

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

| | |
|---|--|
| DOT | |
| UN number | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 3 |
| Packing group | II |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions | 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28 |
| Packaging exceptions | 150 |
| Packaging non bulk | 173 |
| Packaging bulk | 242 |
| IATA | |
| UN number | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | II |
| Environmental hazards | No. |
| ERG Code | 3L |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Other information | |
| Passenger and cargo aircraft | Allowed. |
| Cargo aircraft only | Allowed. |
| IMDG | |
| UN number | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | II |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | No. |
| EmS | F-E, <u>S</u> -E |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code | Not established. |

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Listed.

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. |
|-----------------|------------|----------|
| N-Butyl Alcohol | 71-36-3 | 5 - < 20 |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)
Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)
Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)
Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)

US. Rhode Island RTK

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | No |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 07-29-2015

Version # 01

Disclaimer Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.