

1. Identification

Product identifier	1K Black Underbody Coating Satin Finish	
Other means of identification		
Product code	MRS-360 (all sizes)	
Recommended use	Coating	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Manufacturer		
Company name	Medallion Refinish System	
Address	5751 N. Webster Street Dayton, OH 45414 United States	
Telephone	TECH SUPPORT	937-890-6547
	SALES	937-890-6547
	PHONE	800-257-6547
Website	www.medallionrefinish.com	
E-mail	info@rubber-seal.net	
Contact person	Elizabeth Wells	
Emergency phone number	MAIN OFFICE: M-F	800-257-6547
	7:45am-4:30pm	
	EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.	800-424-9300 ChemTrec

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

70.93% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 53.31% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 78.01% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 78.01% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Naphtha		64742-49-0	10 - < 30
Talc		14807-96-6	10 - < 30
V M & P Naphtha		64742-89-8	10 - < 30
Xylene		1330-20-7	10 - < 30
Acetone		67-64-1	5 - < 10
Benzene, ethenylmethyl		25013-15-4	1 - < 5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	1 - < 5
Glycol Ether PM Acetate		108-65-6	1 - < 5
1-methoxy-2-propanol		107-98-2	0< 1
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates Regulatory		64742-88-7	0< 1
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	0< 1
Cobalt Neodecanoate		27253-31-2	0< 1
Crystalline Quartz		14808-60-7	0< 1
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime		96-29-7	0< 1
Mineral Spirits		8052-41-3	0< 1
Neo C9-13 Acid, Cobalt Salts		68955-83-9	0< 1
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone		872-50-4	0< 1
Silicon dioxide		112945-52-5	0< 1
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate		22464-99-9	0< 1
Other components below reportable levels			1 - < 3

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	<p>Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.</p> <p>Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.</p> <p>Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.</p> <p>Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.</p>

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm
Benzene, ethenylmethyl (CAS 25013-15-4)	PEL	480 mg/m3 100 ppm
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	3.5 mg/m3
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)	PEL	2900 mg/m3 500 ppm
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate (CAS 22464-99-9)	PEL	5 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3 0.1 mg/m3 2.4 mppcf	Total dust. Respirable. Respirable.
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	20 mppcf	Total dust.
		0.3 mg/m3	
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		20 mppcf	
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
1-methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)	STEL	100 ppm	Non-aerosol.
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	50 ppm	
	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates Regulatory (CAS 64742-88-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Benzene, ethenylmethyl (CAS 25013-15-4)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	
Cobalt Neodecanoate (CAS 27253-31-2)	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
Neo C9-13 Acid, Cobalt Salts (CAS 68955-83-9)	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate (CAS 22464-99-9)	STEL	10 mg/m3	5 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
1-methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)	STEL	540 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
	TWA	150 ppm	
		360 mg/m3	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	100 ppm	
		590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates Regulatory (CAS 64742-88-7)	TWA	100 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Benzene, ethenylmethyl (CAS 25013-15-4)	TWA	480 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	545 mg/m3
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	125 ppm	Respirable.
		435 mg/m3	
	Ceiling	100 ppm	
		1800 mg/m3	
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	350 mg/m3	
	TWA	6 mg/m3	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate (CAS 22464-99-9)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	50 ppm
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (CAS 96-29-7)	TWA	36 mg/m3
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	TWA	10 ppm
		40 mg/m3
		10 ppm

Biological limit values
ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cobalt Neodecanoate (CAS 27253-31-2)	15 µg/l	Cobalt	Urine	*
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	1 µg/l	Cobalt	Blood	*
	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
Neo C9-13 Acid, Cobalt Salts (CAS 68955-83-9)	15 µg/l	Cobalt	Urine	*
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	1 µg/l	Cobalt	Blood	*
	100 mg/l	5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Urine	*
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines
US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.
 Glycol Ether PM Acetate (CAS 108-65-6) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates Regulatory (CAS 64742-88-7) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US WEEL Guides: Skin designation

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Black
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-138.46 °F (-94.7 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated
Flash point	-4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)	2.6 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	12.8 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	52.05 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	869 °F (465 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

Other information

Density	1.49 g/cm3 estimated
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	44.76 w/w % By Weight 55.45 v/v % By Volume
Specific gravity	1.49 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	3.29 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 3.59 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 394.59 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
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Components	Species	Test Results
1-methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	13 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Guinea pig	15000 mg/l, 10 Hours
	Rat	54.6 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Dog	4.6 g/kg
	Mouse	10.8 g/kg
	Rabbit	5.3 g/kg
	Rat	5.71 g/kg
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg 20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours 50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Benzene, ethenylmethyl (CAS 25013-15-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3.16 g/kg
	Rat	2255 mg/kg
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	8000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	5130 mg/kg
	Rat	3914 mg/kg
		4.2 ml/kg
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	> 15000 mg/kg
	Rat	> 22500 mg/kg
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Benzene, ethenylmethyl (CAS 25013-15-4) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
 Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)
 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)
 Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)
 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
 1 Carcinogenic to humans.
 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (CAS 96-29-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	777 - 914 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l. 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone	-0.24
Ethylbenzene	3.15
Mineral Spirits	3.16 - 7.15
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	-0.54
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT	
UN number	UN1139
UN proper shipping name	Coating solution (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle undercoating, drum or barrel lining)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	149, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
IATA	
UN number	UN1139
UN proper shipping name	Coating solution (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle undercoating, drum or barrel lining)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1139
UN proper shipping name	COATING SOLUTION (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial purposes such as vehicle under-coating, drum or barrel lining)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established.

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1-methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)	Listed.
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
Cobalt Neodecanoate (CAS 27253-31-2)	Listed.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
Neo C9-13 Acid, Cobalt Salts (CAS 68955-83-9)	Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Xylene	1330-20-7	10 - < 30
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - < 5
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	872-50-4	0 < 1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Cobalt Neodecanoate (CAS 27253-31-2)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Neo C9-13 Acid, Cobalt Salts (CAS 68955-83-9)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1-methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates Regulatory (CAS 64742-88-7)
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Cobalt Neodecanoate (CAS 27253-31-2)
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)
Naphtha (CAS 64742-49-0)
Neo C9-13 Acid, Cobalt Salts (CAS 68955-83-9)
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)
V M & P Naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1-methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates Regulatory (CAS 64742-88-7)
Benzene, ethenylmethyl (CAS 25013-15-4)
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1-methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates Regulatory (CAS 64742-88-7)
Benzene, ethenylmethyl (CAS 25013-15-4)
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Cobalt Neodecanoate (CAS 27253-31-2)
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Neo C9-13 Acid, Cobalt Salts (CAS 68955-83-9)
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1-methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates Regulatory (CAS 64742-88-7)
Benzene, ethenylmethyl (CAS 25013-15-4)
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Mineral Spirits (CAS 8052-41-3)
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Cobalt Neodecanoate (CAS 27253-31-2)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Neo C9-13 Acid, Cobalt Salts (CAS 68955-83-9)
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	Listed: February 21, 2003
Crystalline Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	Listed: October 1, 1988
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	Listed: June 15, 2001
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International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 09-25-2015

Version # 01

Disclaimer Medallion Refinish System cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.